

The Ontario Securities Commission

OSC Bulletin

May 12, 2022

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The Ontario Securities Commission administers the *Securities Act of Ontario* (R.S.O. 1990, c. S.5) and the *Commodity Futures Act of Ontario* (R.S.O. 1990, c. C.20)

The Ontario Securities Commission

Cadillac Fairview Tower
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M5H 3S8

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Contact Centre – Inquiries, Complaints:
416-593-8314 or Toll Free 1-877-785-1555
Fax: 416-593-8122
Email: inquiries@osc.gov.on.ca

Office of the Secretary:
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2075 Kennedy Road
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Editor's Note: On Friday, April 29, 2022, the Securities Commission Act, 2021 (SCA), came into force by proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario. The SCA's proclamation implemented key structural and governance changes to the OSC: the separation of the OSC Chair and Chief Executive Officer roles, and the creation of a new Capital Markets Tribunal. These new structural and governance changes are now reflected in the Bulletin, with one section to report and record the activities of the Capital Markets Tribunal and one section to report and record the activities of the Ontario Securities Commission: www.capitalmarketstribunal.ca/en/resources.

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A. Capital Markets Tribunal

A.2 Other Notices

A.2 Other Notices

A.2.1 ByBit Fintech Limited

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
May 5, 2022

BYBIT FINTECH LIMITED,
File No. 2021-21

TORONTO – The Tribunal issued an Order in the above named matter.

A copy of the Order dated May 5, 2022 is available at www.capitalmarketstribunal.ca.

Registrar, Governance & Tribunal Secretariat
Ontario Securities Commission

For Media Inquiries:

media_inquiries@osc.gov.on.ca

For General Inquiries:

1-877-785-1555 (Toll Free)
inquiries@osc.gov.on.ca

A.2.2 Aux Cayes Fintech Co. Ltd.

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
May 9, 2022

AUX CAYES FINTECH CO. LTD.,
File No. 2021-29

TORONTO – The Tribunal issued an Order in the above named matter.

A copy of the Order dated May 9, 2022 is available at capitalmarketstribunal.ca.

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A.2.3 Stableview Asset Management Inc. and Colin Fisher

**FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
May 9, 2022**

**STABLEVIEW ASSET MANAGEMENT INC. AND
COLIN FISHER,
File No. 2020-40**

TORONTO – Take notice that an attendance in the above named matter is scheduled to be heard on May 11, 2022 at 11:00 a.m.

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Ontario Securities Commission

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media_inquiries@osc.gov.on.ca

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A.3 Orders

A.3 Orders

A.3.2 Aux Cayes Fintech Co. Ltd.

A.3.1 ByBit Fintech Limited

File No. 2021-29

File No. 2021-21

IN THE MATTER OF BYBIT FINTECH LIMITED

Adjudicator: Timothy Moseley

May 5, 2022

ORDER

WHEREAS on May 5, 2022, the Capital Markets Tribunal held a hearing in writing to consider a request to amend the schedule set by the Order issued on January 5, 2022;

ON READING the joint request of the representatives for Staff of the Commission and Bybit Fintech Limited to extend certain previously ordered deadlines;

IT IS ORDERED THAT the deadlines for service of hearing briefs and delivery of E-hearing Checklist for Videoconference Hearings are extended to a date to be set at the final interlocutory attendance scheduled for May 20, 2022, or such other date as may be agreed to by the Parties and set by the Governance & Tribunal Secretariat.

"Timothy Moseley"

IN THE MATTER OF AUX CAYES FINTECH CO. LTD.

Adjudicator: Timothy Moseley

May 9, 2022

ORDER

WHEREAS the Capital Markets Tribunal held a hearing in writing to consider a request to amend the schedule set by the Order issued on March 16, 2022;

ON READING the joint request of the representatives for Staff of the Commission and Aux Cayes Fintech Co. Ltd. for an amended schedule for the exchange of expert reports and related steps in this proceeding;

IT IS ORDERED THAT:

- the parties shall serve their expert reports according to the following amended schedule:
 - Respondent's expert report by May 9, 2022,
 - Staff's expert report, if any, by July 11, 2022, and
 - Respondent's reply expert report, if any, by July 29, 2022; and
- by May 24, 2022, Staff shall inform the Registrar whether an attendance is necessary to discuss any issues arising from the Respondent's expert report; if so, that attendance will be heard by videoconference on May 31, 2022, beginning at 3:30 p.m., or on such other date and time as may be agreed to by the parties and set by the Governance & Tribunal Secretariat.

"Timothy Moseley"

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B. Ontario Securities Commission

B.1 Notices

B.1 Notices

B.1.1 Notice of Memorandum of Understanding for the Confidentiality of Information among the Members of the Heads of Regulatory Agencies Committee

**NOTICE OF
MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING FOR
THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION AMONG
THE MEMBERS OF THE HEADS OF REGULATORY AGENCIES COMMITTEE**

May 12, 2022

The Ontario Securities Commission (“OSC”) – together with the Bank of Canada, Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions, Department of Finance Canada, Alberta Securities Commission, Autorité des marchés financiers, British Columbia Securities Commission – has entered into a memorandum of understanding (the “MOU”) for the confidentiality of information among the members of the Heads of Regulatory Agencies Committee (the “HOA”). The MOU sets out the HOA members’ mutual understanding regarding the treatment of confidential information among them. The OSC entered into the MOU on April 29, 2022.

Chaired by the Governor of the Bank of Canada, the HOA is a federal-provincial forum for the discussion of financial sector issues. The objective of the HOA is to share information and perspectives on emerging regulatory issues, financial system trends and broad market developments that cut across functional responsibilities of HOA members.

Questions may be referred to:

Cindy Wan
Manager, Global Affairs
Global and Domestic Affairs
416-263-7667
cwan@osc.gov.on.ca

Yan Kiu Chan
Senior Advisor
Global and Domestic Affairs
416-204-8971
ychan@osc.gov.on.ca

**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING FOR
THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION**

among:

**Bank of Canada (the “Bank”)
Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions (“OSFI”)
Department of Finance Canada (the “Department of Finance”)
Alberta Securities Commission (the “ASC”)
Autorité des marchés financiers (the “AMF”)
British Columbia Securities Commission (the “BCSC”)
Ontario Securities Commission (the “OSC”)
(each an “Agency” and collectively, the “Agencies”)**

and

**Additional HOA Agencies and Sub-HOA Committee Members
who accede to this MOU by signing a Letter of Adherence
(together with the Agencies, collectively, the “Parties” and each a “Party”)**

PREAMBLE

- A. The Heads of Regulatory Agencies Committee (the “**HOA**”) is an informal, non-statutory committee, whose members consist of the heads of the Agencies. As set out in its Terms of Reference, the objective of the HOA is to share information and perspectives on emerging regulatory issues, financial system trends and broad market developments that cut across functional responsibilities of the Agencies.
- B. In support of such objective, the HOA may establish, from time to time, working groups and sub-committees, consisting of representatives of Sub-HOA Committee Members (as defined hereinafter), for the purposes of, *inter alia*, facilitating information sharing and collaboration on mandate-specific topics and issues and advising and reporting to the HOA thereon (each, a “**Sub-HOA Committee**”).
- C. For the purpose of pursuing the objective of the HOA and a Sub-HOA Committee, as the case may be, the Parties intend to collaborate and share information in accordance with their own independent mandates and subject to their confidentiality obligations at regularly scheduled meetings or on an *ad hoc* basis through communications conducted by telephone, email, in-person meetings or meetings held by electronic means (collectively, “**HOA Consultations**” or “**Sub-HOA Consultations**”, as applicable).
- D. The Parties acknowledge that access to information legislation in each Canadian jurisdiction applies to all records as defined in the relevant legislation. While such legislation varies from one jurisdiction to another, all jurisdictions allow the head of a government institution to refuse to disclose any record if it was obtained in confidence from another government or an institution thereof. In some jurisdictions, the refusal to disclose information is discretionary rather than mandatory.
- E. The Parties further recognize that each Party routinely engages in discussions with various federal, provincial, and territorial governmental ministries, departments and agencies and exchanges opinions, documents and correspondence with such bodies on the clear understanding that the information is to be treated as confidential.
- F. Because of the foregoing, the Parties acknowledge that the exchange of information among them must be done in the strictest confidence, failing which the objectives of the HOA or a Sub-HOA Committee, as the case may be, would be negatively impacted.
- G. The Parties wish to set out in this Memorandum of Understanding (this “**MOU**”) their mutual understanding regarding the sharing of confidential information among them.

THE PARTIES CONFIRM THE FOLLOWING UNDERSTANDINGS:

1. DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this MOU, in addition to the definitions set forth in the Preamble, the following terms have the meaning ascribed to them in this Section 1.

- 1.1. “**Additional HOA Agency**” means any federal, provincial or territorial governmental or regulatory agency, commission, authority, institution or body the head of which becomes a member of the HOA; for greater certainty, upon its adherence to this MOU in accordance with the terms hereof, an Additional HOA Agency will thereafter be defined as and considered to be an Agency.

- 1.2. **“Confidential Information”** means any verbal or written information, whether marked as “confidential” or not, other than Excluded Information, that is produced, received or accessed by a Party at any HOA Consultation or any Sub-HOA Consultation or otherwise through its participation in the HOA or any Sub-HOA Committee.
- 1.3. **“Excluded Information”** means information that a Recipient can duly evidence that: (a) at the time of its receipt, is or becomes generally available to the public through no act or failure to act on its part; (b) is lawfully disclosed to the Recipient by a third party without restrictions concerning the confidentiality of such information; (c) is lawfully in the possession of the Recipient prior to disclosure by other Parties; or (d) is developed independently by the Recipient with no access to Confidential Information.
- 1.4. **“Letter of Adherence”** means a letter, in a form satisfactory to the Agencies, that an Additional HOA Agency or a Sub-HOA Committee Member that is not a party to this MOU signs and delivers to the Bank (in its capacity as Chair of the HOA) pursuant to which it confirms that it will adhere to this MOU as a Party hereof. The Letter of Adherence will include such other specifications as reasonably required by the Agencies. An illustrative form of Letter of Adherence is attached to this MOU as Schedule A.
- 1.5. **“Recipient”** means a Party that receives or is otherwise given access to Confidential Information.
- 1.6. **“Sub-HOA Committee Member”** means any Agency or other person that is a member of a Sub-HOA Committee whose adhesion to this MOU is required by the Agencies.

2. PROTECTION OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

- 2.1. Each Party confirms that it has adopted reasonable policies and procedures to protect its own confidential and proprietary information.
- 2.2. Each Party confirms that it will protect and keep confidential any Confidential Information disclosed to it by the other Parties, to the extent permitted by applicable law, by using at least a standard of care that the Party would be reasonably expected to employ for its own confidential and proprietary information.
- 2.3. The onward sharing of Confidential Information to a third party by a Recipient is permitted (i) where required by law, (ii) where the Recipient considers it advisable and is satisfied that the third party will keep the Confidential Information confidential, or (iii) with the prior written consent of the Part(y/ies) from whom the Recipient obtained the Confidential Information. If the information relates to a matter that the Recipient has identified as being urgent, such consent may be given in any form, including verbally, provided that it is confirmed in writing as soon as possible following the giving of consent. If such consent is not obtained, the Recipient and the relevant Parties will consult to discuss the reasons for withholding consent and the circumstances, if any, under which disclosure to the person or entity might be allowed.
- 2.4. In the event that a Recipient is required by statute or by legal process (including, without limitation, access to information legislation and discovery process relating to judicial or administrative proceedings) to disclose to a third party Confidential Information that has been provided in accordance with this MOU, this Recipient will, to the extent permitted by law, promptly notify the Part(y/ies) that originated the Confidential Information, indicating what information it is required to release and the circumstances surrounding its release. If requested by such Part(y/ies), the Recipient will make reasonable efforts to preserve the confidentiality of the Confidential Information to the extent permitted by law.
- 2.5. Each Party will notify the other Parties of any violation or suspicion or threat of violation of the understandings set forth in this MOU forthwith upon becoming aware of such violation, suspicion or threat of violation.

3. INTERPRETATION

- 3.1. The provisions of this MOU are not intended to create legally binding rights or obligations nor to modify or supersede domestic law, including any confidentiality or security of information obligation applicable to a Party. For avoidance of doubt, (i) this MOU does not confer upon a Party any right to obtain information from the other Parties; and (ii) this MOU does not create any obligation unto a Party to disclose information or to update any information previously provided.
- 3.2. The provisions of this MOU are not intended to, and do not modify, supersede, nor interfere with the power, mandate and responsibilities of the Agencies prescribed by their respective legislation.
- 3.3. The provisions of this MOU are not intended to interfere with the respective jurisdictions of the Parties.

4. AMENDMENT OF THIS MOU

- 4.1. This MOU may be amended from time to time as mutually agreed upon in writing by all Parties. Any amendment is subject to ministerial approval in Alberta and Ontario and to governmental approval and ministerial signature in Québec, as required by law.
- 4.2. Any amendment to this MOU pursuant to Section 4.1 will be deemed to have been incorporated into this MOU.
- 4.3. Except as regards the Autorité des marchés financiers or any other governmental or para-governmental body from Québec, a Letter of Adherence that is signed and delivered by an Additional HOA Agency or a Sub-HOA Committee Member in accordance with this MOU will not be deemed an amendment to this MOU.

5. WITHDRAWAL FROM THE MOU

- 5.1. A Party may at any time withdraw from this MOU upon giving the other Parties at least thirty (30) days prior written notice. During the notice period, a Party wishing to withdraw from this MOU will collaborate with the other Parties to determine such Party's subsequent participation in the HOA or the relevant Sub-HOA Committees, as the case may be, and the policies and procedures it will adopt to protect any Confidential Information disclosed to it in the course of such participation.
- 5.2. A Party that withdraws from this MOU will continue to treat Confidential Information that it obtained prior to its withdrawal in the manner set out in this MOU.
- 5.3. If a Party withdraws from this MOU, the MOU will remain in effect between the remaining Parties.

6. EXECUTION AND EFFECTIVE DATE

- 6.1. With respect to the Agencies, this MOU will come into effect on the date that all of the following requirements are met:
 - a) the MOU is signed by all Agencies;
 - b) in the case of the AMF, governmental approval is obtained, and the MOU is signed by the Minister responsible for Canadian Relations and the Canadian Francophonie;
 - c) in the case of the ASC and OSC, on the date determined in accordance with applicable legislation.
- 6.2. Subject to sections 4.1 and 4.3, with respect to an Additional HOA Agency or a Sub-HOA Committee Member, this MOU will come into effect on the date when the Letter of Adherence provided by such member becomes effective in accordance with its terms.

[Signature pages follow]

BANK OF CANADA

Per: "Tiff Macklem"

Title: Governor, Bank of Canada

Date: February 28, 2022

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Per: "Peter D. Routledge"

Title: Superintendent of Financial Institutions

Date: February 28, 2022

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE CANADA

Per: "Isabelle Jacques"

Title: Assistant Deputy Minister

Date: March 8, 2022

ALBERTA SECURITIES COMMISSION

Per: "Stan Magidson"

Title: Chair and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 1, 2022

AUTORITÉ DES MARCHÉS FINANCIERS

Per: "Louis Morisset"

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: February 23, 2022

BRITISH COLUMBIA SECURITIES COMMISSION

Per: "Brenda M. Leong"

Title: Chair and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 3, 2022

ONTARIO SECURITIES COMMISSION

Per: "D. Grant Vingoe"

Title: Chief Executive Officer

Date: April 29, 2022

Intervention

The Minister responsible for Canadian Relations and the Canadian Francophonie, represented by the Associate General Secretary of the Secrétariat du Québec aux relations canadiennes, takes part herein pursuant to the first paragraph of section 3.8 of *An Act respecting the Ministère du Conseil exécutif* (R.S.Q., c. M-30), acknowledges the undertakings set out in this MOU and declares to be satisfied therewith.

Per: "Gilbert Charland"

Title: Associate General Secretary for Canadian Relations, Government of Québec

Date: February 28, 2022

SCHEDULE A

ILLUSTRATIVE FORM OF LETTER OF ADHERENCE

[LETTERHEAD OF ADDITIONAL HOA AGENCY OR SUB-HOA COMMITTEE MEMBER]

[date]

Heads of Regulatory Agencies Committee (the "HOA")
c/o Bank of Canada
234 Wellington St.
Ottawa, Ontario
K1A 0G9

Attention: Chair of the HOA

Re: Adherence to the Memorandum of Understanding for the Confidentiality of Information

Reference is made to the Memorandum of Understanding for the Confidentiality of Information first made as of [date] among the Bank of Canada, the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions, the Department of Finance Canada, the Alberta Securities Commission, the Autorité des marchés financiers, the British Columbia Securities Commission, the Ontario Securities Commission and the Additional HOA Agencies and Sub-HOA Committee Members that adhere thereto from time to time (the "MOU"). Capitalized terms used herein and defined in the MOU have the meanings ascribed thereto in the MOU.

[Name of the adhering Additional HOA Agency or Sub-HOA Committee Member] hereby confirms that it will adhere to the terms of the MOU as a Party thereof.

This Letter of Adherence will become effective and [Name of the adhering Additional HOA Agency or Sub-HOA Committee Member] will become a Party to the MOU as of the date of signature of this Letter of Adherence.

Yours truly,

[Name of the adhering Additional HOA Agency or Sub-HOA Committee Member]

Per: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____
Date: _____

This page intentionally left blank

B.2 Orders

B.2 Orders

B.2.1 Ontario Securities Commission – s. 5(4) of the Securities Commission Act

IN THE MATTER OF
THE *SECURITIES COMMISSION ACT*
RSO 2021, C 8

AND

IN THE MATTER OF
THE DELEGATION OF
CERTAIN POWERS AND DUTIES OF
THE ONTARIO SECURITIES COMMISSION

DELEGATION
(subsection 5(4))

WHEREAS:

- A. On proclamation of the *Securities Commission Act, 2021* (the “**Act**”), the Ontario Securities Commission (the “**Commission**”) will be authorized pursuant to subsection 5(4) of the Act to delegate any of its powers or duties under the *Business Corporations Act* or the *Corporations Act* to the Chief Executive Officer of the Commission or to another Director within the meaning of the *Securities Act*,
- B. the Commission considers it desirable to issue a delegation of certain of its powers and duties to each Director pursuant to subsection 5(4) of the Act;

NOW THEREFORE:

1. The Commission hereby makes the following delegation (the “**Delegation**”).
2. Pursuant to subsection 5(4) of the Act, the Commission delegates to each Director, acting individually, the powers and duties vested in or imposed on the Commission under the *Business Corporations Act* and the *Corporations Act*.
3. No person or company shall be required to inquire as to the authority of a member of the staff of the Commission to sign a decision pursuant to this Delegation in the capacity of a Director, and a decision purporting to be signed pursuant to this Delegation by a member of the staff of the Commission in the capacity of a Director shall be conclusively deemed to have been signed by a Director authorized by this Delegation without proof of such authority.
4. This Delegation does not preclude the Commission from itself exercising or performing any of the delegated powers or duties.
5. This Order is effective on the day that subsection 5(4) of the Act comes into force.

Board Approved: **March 15, 2022**

B.2.2 Noront Resources Ltd. – s. 1(6) of the OBCA

Headnote

Applicant deemed to have ceased to be offering its securities to the public under the Business Corporations Act (Ontario).

Statutes Cited

Business Corporations Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. B.16 as am., s. 1(6).

**IN THE MATTER OF
THE *BUSINESS CORPORATIONS ACT* (ONTARIO),
R.S.O. 1990, c. B.16, AS AMENDED
(the OBCA)**

AND

**IN THE MATTER OF
NORONT RESOURCES LTD.
(the Applicant)**

**ORDER
(Subsection 1(6) of the OBCA)**

UPON the application of the Applicant to the Ontario Securities Commission (the **Commission**) for an order pursuant to subsection 1(6) of the OBCA to be deemed to have ceased to be offering its securities to the public;

AND UPON the Applicant representing to the Commission that:

1. The Applicant is an “offering corporation” as defined in subsection 1(1) of the OBCA;
2. The Applicant’s head office is located in Ontario;
3. The Applicant has no intention to seek public financing by way of an offering of securities;
4. On April 27, 2022, the Applicant was granted an order (the **Reporting Issuer Order**) pursuant to subclause 1(10)(a)(ii) of the *Securities Act* (Ontario) that it is not a reporting issuer in Ontario and is not a reporting issuer or equivalent in any other jurisdiction in Canada in accordance with the simplified procedure set out in National Policy 11-206 *Process for Cease to be a Reporting Issuer Applications*; and
5. The representations set out in the Reporting Issuer Order continue to be true.

AND UPON the Commission being satisfied that to grant this order would not be prejudicial to the public interest;

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED pursuant to subsection 1(6) of the OBCA, that the Applicant be deemed to have ceased to be offering its securities to the public.

DATED at Toronto this 4th day of May, 2022.

“Lina Creta”
Manager
Corporate Finance Branch
Ontario Securities Commission

OSC File #: 2022/0181

B.3 Reasons and Decisions

B.3 Reasons and Decisions

B.3.1 Royal Bank of Canada

Headnote

National Policy 11-203 Process for Exemptive Relief Applications in Multiple Jurisdictions – Revocation of exemptive relief from insider reporting requirements with respect to the sale of common shares of an issuer by certain insiders of the issuer under an automatic securities disposition plan – Automatic securities disposition plans (ASDPs).

Applicable Legislative Provisions

Securities Act, R.S.O. 1990 c. S.5, as am., ss. 107(2) and 144.
National Instrument 55-104 Insider Reporting Requirements and Exemptions, s. 3.3.

April 27, 2022

**IN THE MATTER OF
THE SECURITIES LEGISLATION OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA,
ALBERTA,
SASKATCHEWAN,
MANITOBA,
ONTARIO,
QUÉBEC,
NEW BRUNSWICK,
NOVA SCOTIA
AND
NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR
(the “Jurisdictions”)**

AND

**IN THE MATTER OF
THE REVOCATION OF EXEMPTIVE RELIEF GRANTED
IN MULTIPLE JURISDICTIONS**

AND

**IN THE MATTER OF
ROYAL BANK OF CANADA
(the “Issuer”)**

DECISION

Interpretation

Defined terms contained in *Regulation 14-101 respecting Definitions*, CLRQ c. V-1.1, r. 3, have the same meaning in this decision unless they are otherwise defined.

Background

1. On May 14, 2008, the local securities regulatory authority or regulator in each of the Jurisdictions (the “**Decision Makers**”) granted exemptive relief, subject to certain conditions, from insider reporting requirements contained in the securities legislation of the Jurisdictions (the “**Legislation**”) with respect of the sale of common shares of the Issuer by certain insiders of the Issuer under an automatic securities purchase and disposition plan (the “**Relief**”).

B.3: Reasons and Decisions

2. On December 10, 2020, Canadian Securities Administrators (“**CSA**”) members published CSA Staff Notice 55-317 *Automatic Securities Disposition Plans* (CSA SN 55-317) that provides guidance on the use of Automatic Securities Disposition Plans (“**ASDPs**”). The processes outlined in the guidance were intended to be consistent with good corporate governance and transparency in connection with the establishment and use of ASDPs and the reporting of trades under the plans. The news release announcing the publication of CSA SN 55-317 states that, in the interest of promoting transparency of trading by insiders, staff of the CSA are unlikely to recommend insider reporting relief for trades under ASDPs.
3. The Decision Makers are satisfied, having considered the potential impact of ASDPs on public confidence in the fairness of our capital markets, that it is appropriate to revoke the Relief.

Decision

Under the Process for Exemptive Relief Applications In Multiple Jurisdictions (for a coordinated review application):

- (a) the *Autorité des marchés financiers* is the principal regulator for the Relief; and
- (b) this decision is the decision of the principal regulator and evidences the decision of each other Decision Maker.

Each of the Decision Makers, considering that to do so would not be prejudicial to the public interest, is satisfied that the decision meets the test set out in the Legislation for the Decision Makers to make the decision.

The decision of the Decision Makers under the Legislation is to revoke the Relief.

“Benoît Gascon”
Senior Director, Corporate Finance

B.3.2 Steel Reef Infrastructure Corp.

Headnote

National Policy 11-203 Process for Exemptive Relief Applications in Multiple Jurisdictions – Relief from the requirement under subsection 2.2(1) of NI 13-101 to file the documents specified by NI 13-101 in respect an issuer bid that the Filer intends to make in electronic format (i.e. using the SEDAR filer software) – Filer is not a reporting issuer in any jurisdiction of Canada – Filer is not generally required to file information regarding its business and operations through SEDAR – Filer granted exemption from requirement to file its non-exempt issuer bid materials through SEDAR, subject to conditions.

Applicable Legislative Provisions

National Instrument 13-101 System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval (SEDAR), ss 2.2(1) and 7.1.

Citation: *Re Steel Reef Infrastructure Corp.*, 2022 ABASC 45

May 5, 2022

IN THE MATTER OF
THE SECURITIES LEGISLATION OF
ALBERTA AND
ONTARIO
(the Jurisdictions)

AND

IN THE MATTER OF
THE PROCESS FOR EXEMPTIVE RELIEF APPLICATIONS
IN MULTIPLE JURISDICTIONS

AND

IN THE MATTER OF
STEEL REEF INFRASTRUCTURE CORP.
(the Filer)

DECISION

Background

The securities regulatory authority or regulator in each of the Jurisdictions (each a **Decision Maker**) has received an application from the Filer for a decision (the **Exemption Sought**) under the securities legislation of the Jurisdictions (the **Legislation**) that the Filer be exempted from the requirement under subsection 2.2(1) of National Instrument 13-101 *System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval (SEDAR)* (**NI 13-101**) to file the documents specified by NI 13-101 in respect of the Issuer Bid (as defined below) (such documents, the **Issuer Bid Documents**) in electronic format.

Under the Process for Exemptive Relief Applications in Multiple Jurisdictions (for a dual application):

- (a) the Alberta Securities Commission is the principal regulator for this application;
- (b) the Filer has provided notice that subsection 4.7(1) of Multilateral Instrument 11-102 *Passport System* (**MI 11-102**) is intended to be relied upon in British Columbia, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Québec; and
- (c) this decision is the decision of the principal regulator and evidences the decision of the securities regulatory authority or regulator in Ontario.

Interpretation

Terms defined in National Instrument 14-101 *Definitions*, MI 11-102, NI 13-101 and National Instrument 62-104 *Take-Over Bids and Issuer Bids* (**NI 62-104**) have the same meanings if used in this decision, unless otherwise defined.

Representations

This decision is based on the following facts represented by the Filer:

B.3: Reasons and Decisions

1. The Filer is a corporation governed by the *Business Corporations Act* (Alberta) with a head office located in Calgary Alberta.
2. The Filer is not a reporting issuer in any jurisdiction of Canada.
3. The Filer is not in default of securities legislation in any jurisdiction of Canada.
4. In May of 2022, the Filer intends to make an offer to acquire securities that will be an issuer bid (the **Issuer Bid**) in each of British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario and Québec (the **Issuer Bid Jurisdictions**). Absent the Exemption Sought, the Filer would be required pursuant to NI 13-101 to file the Issuer Bid Documents in electronic format through SEDAR.
5. The Filer has more than 50 beneficial owners of securities of the class that will be subject to the Issuer Bid and is therefore not able to rely on the exemption in section 4.9 of NI 62-104 in respect of the Issuer Bid.
6. In Manitoba and Québec, the Filer intends to rely on section 4.11 of NI 62-104.
7. As a non-reporting issuer, the Filer is generally not required to file information regarding its business and operations through SEDAR.

Decision

Each of the Decision Makers is satisfied that the decision meets the test set out in the Legislation for the Decision Maker to make the decision.

The decision of the Decision Makers under the Legislation is that the Exemption Sought is granted, provided that the Filer files the Issuer Bid Documents in the Issuer Bid Jurisdictions in the manner directed by staff of the Alberta Securities Commission.

“Denise Weeres”
Director, Corporate Finance
Alberta Securities Commission

B.3.3 Imperial Oil Limited

Headnote

Multilateral Instrument 11-102 Passport System – National Policy 11-203 Process for Exemptive Relief in Multiple Jurisdictions – Dual application – Issuer bid – Modified Dutch auction – Application for relief from the requirement to take up and pay for shares on a pro rata basis and the related disclosure requirements for the issuer bid circular (Section 2.26 of National Instrument 62-104 Take-Over Bids and Issuer Bids and Item 8 of Form 62-104F2 Issuer Bid Circular) – Application for relief from the requirement that the Offer not be extended if all the terms and conditions of the Offer have been complied with or waived unless the issuer first takes up all Shares deposited under the Offer and not withdrawn (Section 2.32 of NI62-104).

Applicable Legislative Provisions

National Instrument 62-104 Take-Over Bids and Issuer Bids, ss. 2.26, 6.1 and 2.32(4).

Citation: *Re Imperial Oil Limited*, 2022 ABASC 46

May 5, 2022

IN THE MATTER OF
THE SECURITIES LEGISLATION OF
ALBERTA AND ONTARIO
(the Jurisdictions)

AND

IN THE MATTER OF
THE PROCESS FOR EXEMPTIVE
RELIEF APPLICATIONS
IN MULTIPLE JURISDICTIONS

AND

IN THE MATTER OF
IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED
(the Filer)

DECISION

Background

The securities regulatory authority or regulator in each of the Jurisdictions (each a **Decision Maker**) has received an application from the Filer for a decision under the securities legislation of the Jurisdictions (the **Legislation**) granting the Filer, in connection with the proposed purchase of a portion of its outstanding common shares (the **Shares**) pursuant to an issuer bid (the **Offer**), an exemption from the following requirements (the **Exemption Sought**):

- (a) the proportionate take-up requirements in section 2.26 of National Instrument 62-104 *Take-over Bids and Issuer Bids* (**NI 62-104**) (the **Proportionate Take-Up Requirement**);

- (b) the requirements in Item 8 of Form 62-104F2 *Issuer Bid Circular* to provide disclosure of the proportionate take-up and payment in the issuer bid circular (the **Proportionate Take-Up Disclosure Requirement**);

- (c) the requirements in subsection 2.32(4) of NI 62-104 that an issuer bid not be extended if all the terms and conditions of the issuer bid have been complied with or waived unless the Filer first takes up all securities deposited under the issuer bid and not withdrawn (the **Extension Take-Up Requirement**).

Under the Process for Exemptive Relief Applications in Multiple Jurisdictions (for a dual application):

- (a) the Alberta Securities Commission is the principal regulator for this application;
- (b) the Filer has provided notice that subsection 4.7(1) of Multilateral Instrument 11-102 *Passport System* is intended to be relied upon in each jurisdiction of Canada, other than Alberta and Ontario;
- (c) the decision is the decision of the principal regulator and evidences the decision of the securities regulatory authority or regulator in Ontario.

Interpretation

Terms defined in National Instrument 14-101 *Definitions* and NI 62-104 have the same meaning if used in this decision, unless otherwise defined herein.

Representations

This decision is based on the following facts represented by the Filer:

1. The head office and registered office of the Filer are located in Alberta.
2. The Filer is a reporting issuer in each jurisdiction of Canada. The Filer's Shares are listed for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the **TSX**) and have unlisted trading privileges and trade on the NYSE American LLC (the **NYSE American**). The Filer is not in default of securities legislation in any jurisdiction of Canada.
3. The authorized share capital of the Filer consists of 1,100,000,000 Shares. As of May 2, 2022, there were 669,143,714 Shares issued and outstanding.
4. On April 28, 2022, the closing price of the Shares on the TSX was \$64.12 and US\$50.08 on the NYSE American.

B.3: Reasons and Decisions

5. As at May 2, 2022, Exxon Mobil Corporation (**ExxonMobil**) beneficially owned 465,723,543 Shares, which represented approximately 69.6% of the issued and outstanding Shares.
6. The Filer intends to make the Offer pursuant to which it would offer to purchase that number of Shares having an aggregate purchase price of up to \$2,500,000,000 (the **Specified Dollar Amount**).
7. Prior to making the Offer, the board of directors of the Filer will have determined that the Offer is in the best interests of the Filer.
8. The purchase price per Share will be determined by the Filer through a modified "Dutch auction" procedure in the manner described below, but will not be less than \$62.00 and not more than \$78.00 per Share (the **Price Range**).
9. The Specified Dollar Amount has been determined and was announced by the Filer in a press release issued on April 29, 2022. Both the Specified Dollar Amount and the Price Range will be specified in the Circular.
10. The Filer expects to fund the purchase of Shares pursuant to the Offer, together with the fees and expenses of the Offer, with cash on hand. In any event, the Offer will not be conditional upon the receipt of any financing.
11. Any holder of Shares (**Shareholder**) wishing to tender to the Offer will be able to do so in one of the following ways:
 - (a) by making auction tenders in which the tendering Shareholders specify the number of Shares being tendered at a specified price per Share (the **Auction Price**) within the Price Range (the **Auction Tenders**);
 - (b) by making purchase price tenders in which the tendering Shareholders do not specify a price per Share, but rather agree to have a specified number of Shares purchased at the Purchase Price (as defined below) to be determined by the Auction Tenders (the **Purchase Price Tenders**);
 - (c) by making proportionate tenders in which the tendering Shareholders agree to sell to the Filer, at the Purchase Price to be determined by the Auction Tenders, a number of Shares that will result in them maintaining their respective proportionate equity ownership in the Filer following completion of the Offer (the **Proportionate Tenders**).
12. Shareholders may make multiple Auction Tenders but not in respect of the same Shares (*i.e.* Shareholders may tender different Shares at different prices but cannot tender the same Shares at different prices). Shareholders may also make an Auction Tender in respect of certain of their Shares and a Purchase Price Tender in respect of other Shares. Shareholders who make an Auction Tender or a Purchase Price Tender may not make a Proportionate Tender and *vice versa*.
13. A registered Shareholder who makes a Proportionate Tender must deposit either all of its Shares or a sufficient number of Shares to satisfy the Shareholder's Proportionate Tender. A beneficial Shareholder who wishes its nominee to make a Proportionate Tender must deposit all of its Shares.
14. Any Shareholder who owns fewer than 100 Shares and tenders all of such Shareholder's Shares pursuant to an Auction Tender at or below the Purchase Price or makes a Purchase Price Tender will be considered to have made an "**Odd-Lot Tender**".
15. The Filer will determine the purchase price payable per Share (the **Purchase Price**) based on the Auction Prices and the number of Shares deposited pursuant to valid Auction Tenders and Purchase Price Tenders. The Purchase Price will be the lowest price that enables the Filer to purchase that number of Shares tendered pursuant to valid Auction Tenders and Purchase Price Tenders having an aggregate purchase price not to exceed an amount (the **Auction Tender Limit Amount**) equal to
 - (a) the Specified Dollar Amount, less
 - (b) the product of
 - (i) the Specified Dollar Amount, and
 - (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is the aggregate number of Shares owned by Shareholders making valid Proportionate Tenders, and the denominator of which is the aggregate number of Shares outstanding at the time of expiry of the Offer.
16. If the aggregate purchase price for Shares validly tendered pursuant to Auction Tenders at Auction Prices at or below the Purchase Price and Purchase Price Tenders is less than or equal to the Auction Tender Limit Amount, the Filer will purchase at the Purchase Price all Shares so deposited pursuant to Auction Tenders at or below the Purchase Price and Purchase Price Tenders.
17. If the aggregate purchase price for Shares validly tendered pursuant to (i) Auction Tenders at Auction Prices at or below the Purchase Price; and (ii) Purchase Price Tenders is greater than the Auction Tender Limit Amount, then the Filer will purchase

B.3: Reasons and Decisions

- at the Purchase Price a portion of the Shares so deposited pursuant to Auction Tenders at or below the Purchase Price and Purchase Price Tenders, determined as follows:
- (a) first, the Filer will purchase all such Shares tendered by Shareholders at or below the Purchase Price pursuant to Odd-Lot Tenders;
 - (b) second, the Filer will purchase on a *pro rata* basis that portion of such Shares tendered pursuant to Auction Tenders at or below the Purchase Price and Purchase Price Tenders having an aggregate purchase price, based on the Purchase Price, equal to
 - (i) the Auction Tender Limit Amount, less
 - (ii) the aggregate amount paid by the Filer for Shares tendered pursuant to Odd-Lot Tenders.
18. The Filer will purchase at the Purchase Price that portion of the Shares deposited by Shareholders making valid Proportionate Tenders that results in the tendering Shareholders maintaining their proportionate equity ownership in the Filer following completion of the Offer.
19. The number of Shares that the Filer will purchase pursuant to the Offer and the aggregate purchase price will vary depending on whether the aggregate purchase price payable in respect of Shares required to be purchased pursuant to Auction Tenders at Auction Prices at or below the Purchase Price and Purchase Price Tenders (the **Auction Tender Purchase Amount**) is equal to or less than the Auction Tender Limit Amount. If the Auction Tender Purchase Amount is equal to the Auction Tender Limit Amount, the Filer will purchase Shares for an aggregate purchase price equal to the Specified Dollar Amount. If the Auction Tender Purchase Amount is less than the Auction Tender Limit Amount, the Filer will purchase proportionately fewer Shares in the aggregate, with a proportionately lower aggregate purchase price.
20. ExxonMobil has advised the Filer that it intends to make a Proportionate Tender.
21. All Shares purchased by the Filer pursuant to the Offer (including Shares tendered at Auction Prices below the Purchase Price) will be purchased at the Purchase Price. Shareholders will receive the Purchase Price in cash. All Auction Tenders, Purchase Price Tenders and Proportionate Tenders will be subject to adjustment to avoid the purchase of fractional Shares. All payments to Shareholders will be subject to deduction of applicable withholding taxes.
22. All Shares tendered to the Offer and not taken up will be returned to the appropriate Shareholders.
23. The Offer is subject to the provisions of the United States regulation entitled *Regulation 14E* adopted under the 1934 Act (**Regulation 14E**).
24. Until expiry of the Offer, all information about the number of Shares tendered and the prices at which the Shares are tendered will be required to be kept confidential by the depositary and the Filer until the Purchase Price has been determined.
25. Shareholders who do not accept the Offer will continue to hold the same number of Shares as before the Offer and their proportionate Share ownership will increase following completion of the Offer.
26. The Filer may, in connection with the Offer, elect to extend the Offer if the aggregate purchase price for Shares validly tendered pursuant to Auction Tenders at Auction Prices at or below the Purchase Price and Purchase Price Tenders is less than the Auction Tender Limit Amount. Under the Extension Take-Up Requirement contained in subsection 2.32(4) of NI 62-104, an offeror may not extend an issuer bid if all the terms and conditions of the issuer bid have been complied with or waived unless the offeror first takes up all the securities deposited and not withdrawn under the issuer bid. In the event the Offer is extended, the Filer will be unable to take up Shares following the initial expiry of the Offer since the Purchase Price depends on all Auction Prices. Not all Auction Prices will be known at the time of the initial expiry of the Offer since there may be additional Auction Tenders during the extension period. As such, relief from the Extension Take-Up Requirement is required. Providing relief from the Extension Take-Up Requirement would enable the Filer to make a final determination regarding the Purchase Price, taking into account all Shares tendered during the period prior to the initial expiry of the Offer, as well as any subsequent extension period.
27. The Filer intends to rely on the exemption from the formal valuation requirements applicable to issuer bids under Multilateral Instrument 61-101 *Protection of Minority Security Holders in Special Transactions* (**MI 61-101**) set out in paragraph 3.4(b) of MI 61-101 (the **Liquid Market Exemption**).
28. There will be a "liquid market" for the Shares, as such term is defined in MI 61-101, as of the date of the making of the Offer because the test in paragraph 1.2(1)(a) of MI 61-101 will be satisfied. In addition, an opinion will be voluntarily sought by the Filer in accordance with section 1.2 of MI 61-101 confirming that a liquid market exists for the Shares as of the date of the making of the Offer and such opinion will be included in the Circular (the **Liquidity Opinion**).

B.3: Reasons and Decisions

29. Based on the maximum number of Shares that may be purchased under the Offer, as of the date of the Offer, it will be reasonable to conclude (and the Liquidity Opinion will provide that it will be reasonable to conclude) that, following the completion of the Offer in accordance with its terms, there will be a market for holders of the Shares who do not tender to the Offer that is not materially less "liquid", as such term is defined in MI 61-101, than the market that existed at the time of the making of the Offer.
30. The Filer will disclose in the Circular relating to the Offer the following information:
- (a) the mechanics for the take-up of and payment for Shares as described herein;
 - (b) that, by tendering Shares at the lowest price in the Price Range under an Auction Tender or by tendering Shares under a Purchase Price Tender or a Proportionate Tender, a Shareholder can reasonably expect that the Shares so tendered will be purchased at the Purchase Price, subject to proration and other terms of the Offer as specified herein;
 - (c) that the Filer has filed for, or has then obtained, as the case may be, an exemption from the Proportionate Take-Up Requirement, the Proportionate Take-Up Disclosure Requirement and the Extension Take-Up Requirement;
 - (d) the manner in which an extension of the Offer will be communicated to Shareholders;
 - (e) that Shares deposited pursuant to the Offer may be withdrawn at any time prior to the expiry of the Offer;
 - (f) as applicable, the name each Shareholder that has advised the Filer that it intends to make a Proportionate Tender;
 - (g) the facts supporting the Filer's reliance on the Liquid Market Exemption, including the Liquidity Opinion;
 - (h) except to the extent exemptive relief is granted further to the Exemption Sought, the disclosure prescribed by applicable securities laws for issuer bids.
- The decision of the Decision Makers under the Legislation is that the Exemption Sought is granted provided that the Filer
- (a) takes up Shares deposited pursuant to the Offer and not withdrawn and pays for such Shares, in each case, in the manner described herein,
 - (b) is eligible to rely on the Liquid Market Exemption, and
 - (c) complies with the requirements of Regulation 14E.
- "Timothy Robson"
Manager, Legal
Corporate Finance
Alberta Securities Commission

Decision

Each of the Decision Makers is satisfied that the decision meets the test set out in the Legislation for the Decision Maker to make the decision.

B.3.4 PIMCO Canada Corp.

Headnote

National Policy 11-203 Process for Exemptive Relief Applications in Multiple Jurisdictions – relief granted from subsection 5.1(4) of NI 81-101 to permit simplified prospectus of alternative mutual funds to be consolidated with simplified prospectus of mutual funds that are not alternative mutual funds.

Applicable Legislative Provisions

National Instrument 81-101 Mutual Funds Prospectus Requirements, ss. 5.1(4) and 6.1.

April 27, 2022

**IN THE MATTER OF
THE SECURITIES LEGISLATION OF
ONTARIO
(the Jurisdiction)**

AND

**IN THE MATTER OF
THE PROCESS FOR EXEMPTIVE RELIEF APPLICATIONS
IN MULTIPLE JURISDICTIONS**

AND

**IN THE MATTER OF
PIMCO CANADA CORP.
(the Filer)**

DECISION

Background

The principal regulator in the Jurisdiction has received an application from the Filer on behalf of PIMCO Diversified Multi-Asset Fund (Canada) (the **Existing Alternative Fund**) and any alternative mutual fund established or restructured in the future and managed by the Filer or an affiliate of the Filer (collectively with the Existing Alternative Fund, the **Alternative Funds**) for a decision under the securities legislation of the Jurisdiction of the principal regulator (the **Legislation**) that grants relief to the Alternative Funds from the requirement in subsection 5.1(4) of National Instrument 81-101 *Mutual Fund Prospectus Disclosure (NI 81-101)* which states that a simplified prospectus for an alternative mutual fund must not be consolidated with a simplified prospectus of another mutual fund if the other mutual fund is not an alternative mutual fund (the **Exemption Sought**).

Under the Process for Exemptive Relief Applications in Multiple Jurisdictions (for a passport application):

- (a) the Ontario Securities Commission is the principal regulator for this application; and
- (b) the Filer has provided notice that subsection 4.7(1) of Multilateral Instrument 11-102 *Passport System (MI 11-102)* is intended to be relied upon in each of the other provinces and territories of Canada (together with Ontario, the **Canadian Jurisdictions**).

Interpretation

Terms defined in National Instrument 14-101 *Definitions*, MI 11-102 and National Instrument 81-102 *Investment Funds (NI 81-102)* have the same meaning if used in this decision, unless otherwise defined.

Representations

This decision is based on the following facts represented by the Filer:

1. The Filer is a corporation incorporated under the laws of the Province of Nova Scotia. The Filer's head office is located in Toronto, Ontario.
2. The Filer is registered as (i) an investment fund manager in Ontario, Quebec and Newfoundland and Labrador; (ii) a portfolio manager in each of the provinces of Canada; (iii) an exempt market dealer in each of the provinces of Canada; (iv) a commodity trading manager in Ontario; and (v) an adviser under the *Commodity Futures Act* (Manitoba).

B.3: Reasons and Decisions

3. The Filer, or an affiliate of the Filer, is, or will be, the investment fund manager of each Alternative Fund.
4. The Filer is not in default of the securities legislation in any of the Canadian Jurisdictions.
5. Each Alternative Fund is, or will be, established under the laws of Ontario or Canada as a mutual fund that is a trust or a class of shares of a mutual fund corporation and is, or will be, a reporting issuer in one or more of the Canadian Jurisdictions.
6. The Existing Alternative Fund is not in default of the securities legislation in any of the Canadian Jurisdictions.
7. The securities of each Alternative Fund are, or will be, qualified for distribution in one or more of the Canadian Jurisdictions using a simplified prospectus and fund facts document prepared and filed in accordance with the securities legislation of such Canadian Jurisdictions. Each Alternative Fund is, or will be, subject to the requirements of NI 81-101 and NI 81-102.
8. The Filer wishes to combine the simplified prospectus of the Alternative Funds with the simplified prospectus of mutual funds existing today or created in the future (i) that are reporting issuers to which NI 81-101 and NI 81-102 apply, (ii) that are not alternative mutual funds, and (iii) for which the Filer, or an affiliate of the Filer, acts as the investment fund manager (the **Conventional Funds**) in order to reduce renewal, printing and related costs. Offering the Alternative Funds using the same simplified prospectus as the Conventional Funds would facilitate the distribution of the Alternative Funds in the Canadian Jurisdictions under the same prospectus disclosure and enable the Filer to streamline disclosure across the Filer's fund platform.
9. Even though the Alternative Funds are, or will be, alternative mutual funds, they share, or will share, many common operational and administrative features with the Conventional Funds and combining them in the same simplified prospectus will allow investors to more easily compare the features of the Alternative Funds and the Conventional Funds.
10. The ability to file the same simplified prospectus for the Alternative Funds and the Conventional Funds will ensure that the Filer can make corresponding changes to the operational and administrative features of Alternative Funds and the Conventional Funds in a consistent manner, if required.
11. Investors will continue to receive the fund facts document(s) when purchasing securities of the Alternative Funds or Conventional Funds as required by applicable securities legislation. The form and content of the fund facts document(s) of the Alternative Funds and Conventional Funds will not change as a result of the Exemption Sought.
12. The simplified prospectus of the Alternative Funds and Conventional Funds will continue to be provided to investors, upon request, as required by applicable securities legislation.
13. National Instrument 41-101 *General Prospectus Requirements* (**NI 41-101**) does not contain a provision equivalent to subsection 5.1(4) of NI 81-101. Accordingly, an investment fund manager that manages exchange-traded funds (**ETFs**) is permitted to consolidate a prospectus under NI 41-101 for its ETFs that are alternative mutual funds with a prospectus for its ETFs that are conventional mutual funds. There is no reason why mutual funds filing a prospectus under NI 81-101 should be treated differently from ETFs filing a prospectus under NI 41-101.

Decision

The principal regulator is satisfied that the decision meets the test set out in the Legislation for the principal regulator to make the decision.

The decision of the principal regulator under the Legislation is that the Exemption Sought is granted.

"Darren McKall"
Manager, Investment Funds and Structured Products
Ontario Securities Commission

Application File #: 2022/0169

B.4 Cease Trading Orders

B.4.1 Temporary, Permanent & Rescinding Issuer Cease Trading Orders

Company Name	Date of Temporary Order	Date of Hearing	Date of Permanent Order	Date of Lapse/Revoke
THERE IS NOTHING TO REPORT THIS WEEK.				

Failure to File Cease Trade Orders

Company Name	Date of Order	Date of Revocation
American Aires Inc.	May 6, 2022	
Canadian Oil Recovery & Remediation Enterprises Ltd.	May 6, 2022	
Chalice Brands Ltd.	May 6, 2022	
Clearford Water Systems Inc.	May 6, 2022	
Comprehensive Healthcare Systems Inc.	May 6, 2022	
Discover Wellness Solutions Inc.	May 6, 2022	
Entourage Health Corp.	May 6, 2022	May 9, 2022
Eurogas International Inc.	May 6, 2022	
Eve & Co Incorporated	May 6, 2022	
Frontline Gold Corporation	May 6, 2022	May 9, 2022
Ikanik Farms Inc.	May 6, 2022	
Intellabridge Technology Corporation	May 6, 2022	
Media Central Corporation Inc.	May 6, 2022	
Mimi's Rock Corp.	May 6, 2022	
MJardin Group, Inc.	May 6, 2022	
Optima Medical Innovations Corp.	May 6, 2022	
Personas Social Incorporated	May 6, 2022	
Poplar Creek Resources Inc.	May 6, 2022	
Samco Gold Limited	May 6, 2022	
Silk Energy Limited	May 6, 2022	
The Flowr Corporation	May 6, 2022	
Tsodilo Resources Limited	May 6, 2022	
Victory Nickel Inc.	May 6, 2022	
Yooma Wellness Inc.	May 6, 2022	

B.4: Cease Trading Orders

Company Name	Date of Order	Date of Revocation
Zoglo's Incredible Food Corp.	May 6, 2022	
Aequus Pharmaceuticals Inc.	May 9, 2022	
Alt House Cannabis Inc.	May 9, 2022	
ASEP Medical Holdings Inc.	May 9, 2022	
Blackwell Intelligence Inc.	May 9, 2022	
Camrova Resources Inc.	May 9, 2022	
EDM Resources Inc.	May 9, 2022	
Emergia Inc.	May 9, 2022	
Forbidden Spirits Distilling Corp.	May 9, 2022	
Gold Port Corporation	May 9, 2022	
Kootenay Resources Inc.	May 9, 2022	
Lynx Global Digital Finance Corporation	May 9, 2022	
Reservoir Capital Corp.	May 9, 2022	
YourWay Cannabis Brands Inc.	May 9, 2022	
TraceSafe Inc.	May 9, 2022	

B.4.2 Temporary, Permanent & Rescinding Management Cease Trading Orders

Company Name	Date of Order	Date of Lapse
Bhang Inc.	May 3, 2022	
Gamelancer Gaming Corp.	May 3, 2022	
RYAH Group Inc.	May 3, 2022	
Red White & Bloom Brands Inc.	May 4, 2022	
Emerald Health Therapeutics, Inc.	May 5, 2022	
Magnetic North Acquisition Corp.	May 5, 2022	
Cansortium Inc.	May 6, 2022	
CoinAnalyst Corp.	May 6, 2022	

B.4.3 Outstanding Management & Insider Cease Trading Orders

Company Name	Date of Order or Temporary Order	Date of Hearing	Date of Permanent Order	Date of Lapse/Expire	Date of Issuer Temporary Order
Performance Sports Group Ltd.	19 October 2016	31 October 2016	31 October 2016		

B.4: Cease Trading Orders

Company Name	Date of Order	Date of Lapse
Agrios Global Holdings Ltd.	September 17, 2020	
Gatos Silver, Inc.	April 1, 2022	
NextPoint Financial Inc.	April 1, 2022	
Gatos Silver, Inc.	April 12, 2022	
Bhang Inc.	May 3, 2022	
Gamelancer Gaming Corp.	May 3, 2022	
RYAH Group Inc.	May 3, 2022	
Red White & Bloom Brands Inc.	May 4, 2022	
Emerald Health Therapeutics, Inc.	May 5, 2022	
Magnetic North Acquisition Corp.	May 5, 2022	
Cansortium Inc.	May 6, 2022	
CoinAnalyst Corp.	May 6, 2022	

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Chapter 7

Insider Reporting

This chapter is available in the print version of the OSC Bulletin, as well as in Thomson Reuters Canada's internet service SecuritiesSource (see www.westlawnextcanada.com).

This chapter contains a weekly summary of insider transactions of Ontario reporting issuers in the System for Electronic Disclosure by Insiders (SEDI). The weekly summary contains insider transactions reported during the seven days ending Sunday at 11:59 pm.

To obtain Insider Reporting information, please visit the SEDI website (www.sedi.ca).

B.9 IPOs, New Issues and Secondary Financings

INVESTMENT FUNDS

Issuer Name:

Harvest Canadian Equity Income Leaders ETF
Principal Regulator – Ontario

Type and Date:

Combined Preliminary and Pro Forma Long Form
Prospectus dated May 6, 2022
NP 11-202 Preliminary Receipt dated May 6, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

-

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

N/A

Promoter(s):

N/A

Project #3380329

Issuer Name:

CI Alternative Diversified Opportunities Fund (formerly
Marret Diversified Opportunities Fund)
CI Alternative Investment Grade Credit Fund (formerly CI
Lawrence Park Alternative Investment Grade Credit Fund)
CI Alternative Multi-Strategy Fund
CI Alternative North American Opportunities Fund
CI Marret Alternative Absolute Return Bond Fund
CI Marret Alternative Enhanced Yield Fund
CI Munro Alternative Global Growth Fund
Principal Regulator – Ontario

Type and Date:

Combined Preliminary and Pro Forma Simplified
Prospectus dated May 5, 2022
NP 11-202 Final Receipt dated May 9, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

-

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

N/A

Promoter(s):

N/A

Project #3357292

Issuer Name:

CIBC Diversified Fixed Income Fund
CIBC Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund
CIBC Global Credit Fund
Principal Regulator – Ontario

Type and Date:

Preliminary Simplified Prospectus dated May 6, 2022
NP 11-202 Final Receipt dated May 9, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

-

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

N/A

Promoter(s):

N/A

Project #3347104

Issuer Name:

Emerge EMPWR Sustainable Dividend Equity ETF
Emerge EMPWR Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity
ETF
Emerge EMPWR Sustainable Global Core Equity ETF
Emerge EMPWR Sustainable Select Growth Equity ETF
Emerge EMPWR Unified Sustainable Equity ETF
Principal Regulator – Ontario

Type and Date:

Preliminary Simplified Prospectus dated May 9, 2022
NP 11-202 Preliminary Receipt dated May 9, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

-

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

N/A

Promoter(s):

N/A

Project #3380905

Issuer Name:

Ninepoint Alternative Credit Opportunities Fund
Ninepoint Alternative Health Fund
Ninepoint Convertible Securities Fund
Ninepoint Diversified Bond Fund
Ninepoint Energy Fund
Ninepoint Focused Global Dividend Fund
Ninepoint FX Strategy Fund
Ninepoint Global Infrastructure Fund
Ninepoint Global Real Estate Fund
Ninepoint Gold and Precious Minerals Fund
Ninepoint Gold Bullion Fund
Ninepoint High Interest Savings Fund
Ninepoint International Small Cap Fund
Ninepoint Resource Fund
Ninepoint Resource Fund Class
Ninepoint Return Advantaged U.S. Equity Index Fund
Ninepoint Risk Advantaged U.S. Equity Index Fund
Ninepoint Silver Bullion Fund
Ninepoint Silver Equities Fund
Principal Regulator – Ontario

Type and Date:

Final Simplified Prospectus dated May 2, 2022
NP 11-202 Final Receipt dated May 4, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

-

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

N/A

Promoter(s):

N/A

Project #3362432

Issuer Name:

CI Canadian Convertible Bond Fund (formerly First Asset Canadian Convertible Bond Fund)
CI Canadian REIT Fund (formerly First Asset REIT Income Fund)
Principal Regulator – Ontario

Type and Date:

Final Simplified Prospectus dated May 5, 2022
NP 11-202 Final Receipt dated May 6, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

-

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

N/A

Promoter(s):

N/A

Project #3365366

Issuer Name:

Lincluden Balanced Fund
Principal Regulator – Ontario

Type and Date:

Final Simplified Prospectus dated May 3, 2022
NP 11-202 Final Receipt dated May 4, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

-

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

N/A

Promoter(s):

N/A

Project #3365405

Issuer Name:

Sun Life Crescent Specialty Credit Private Pool
Principal Regulator – Ontario

Type and Date:

Combined Preliminary and Pro Forma Simplified Prospectus dated May 6, 2022
NP 11-202 Preliminary Receipt dated May 9, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

-

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

N/A

Promoter(s):

N/A

Project #3380519

Issuer Name:

Mulvihill Premium Yield Fund
Principal Regulator - Ontario

Type and Date:

Amendment #1 to Final Simplified Prospectus dated April 22, 2022
NP 11-202 Final Receipt dated May 4, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

-

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

N/A

Promoter(s):

N/A

Project #3267138

Issuer Name:

Symphony Floating Rate Senior Loan Fund
Principal Regulator - Ontario

Type and Date:

Final Shelf Prospectus (NI 44-102) dated May 4, 2022
NP 11-202 Receipt dated May 5, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

-

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

N/A

Promoter(s):

N/A

Project #3373044

NON-INVESTMENT FUNDS

Issuer Name:

1844 Resources Inc. (formerly, Gespeg Resources Ltd)
Principal Regulator - Saskatchewan

Type and Date:

Preliminary Short Form Prospectus dated April 29, 2022
NP 11-202 Preliminary Receipt dated May 3, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

Minimum \$480,000.00 - Common Shares
Maximum \$1,250,000.00
Up to 15,625,000 Common Shares
Up to \$1,250,000.00

Price: \$0.08 per Common Share

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

-

Promoter(s):

-

Project #3377571

Issuer Name:

Appili Therapeutics Inc.
Principal Regulator - Nova Scotia

Type and Date:

Preliminary Shelf Prospectus dated May 5, 2022
NP 11-202 Preliminary Receipt dated May 5, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

\$15,000,000.00 - Class A Common Shares, Class B
Common Shares, Preferred Shares, Warrants, Units,
Subscription Receipts, Debt Securities

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

-

Promoter(s):

-

Project #3379588

Issuer Name:

Ciscom Corp.

Type and Date:

Preliminary Long Form Prospectus dated May 2, 2022
(Preliminary) Received on May 5, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

0.00

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

-

Promoter(s):

-

Project #3379009

Issuer Name:

Kiboko Gold Inc.
Principal Regulator - British Columbia

Type and Date:

Preliminary Long Form Prospectus dated May 2, 2022
NP 11-202 Preliminary Receipt dated May 5, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

\$4,500,000.00 -UP TO □UNITS
\$□PER UNIT

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

-

Promoter(s):

Jeremy Link, Craig Williams, Olivier Féménias, Bradley
Boland, and Ivor Jones

Project #3379177

Issuer Name:

New Break Resources Ltd.

Type and Date:

Preliminary Long Form Prospectus dated May 6, 2022
(Preliminary) Received on May 9, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

No Securities are being offered pursuant to this prospectus

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

-

Promoter(s):

Michael Farrant

Project #3380530

Issuer Name:

Saturn Oil & Gas Inc.
Principal Regulator - Alberta

Type and Date:

Preliminary Shelf Prospectus dated May 2, 2022
NP 11-202 Preliminary Receipt dated May 3, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

C\$200,000,000.00 - Debt Securities Common Shares
Subscription Receipts Units Warrants Share Purchase
Contracts

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

-

Promoter(s):

-

Project #3377449

Issuer Name:

Anaergia Inc.
Principal Regulator - Ontario

Type and Date:

Final Shelf Prospectus dated May 6, 2022
NP 11-202 Receipt dated May 6, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

\$250,000,000.00 - Subordinate Voting Shares, Warrants,
Subscription Receipts, Debt Securities, Units

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

-

Promoter(s):

-

Project #3372834

Issuer Name:

Bausch + Lomb Corporation
Principal Regulator - Ontario

Type and Date:

Final Long Form Prospectus dated May 5, 2022
NP 11-202 Receipt dated May 5, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

US\$ 35,000,000 Common Shares
Price: US\$ per Common Share

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

MORGAN STANLEY CANADA LIMITED
GOLDMAN SACHS CANADA INC.
CITIGROUP GLOBAL MARKETS CANADA INC.
J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES CANADA INC.
BARCLAYS CAPITAL CANADA INC.
MERRILL LYNCH CANADA INC.
JEFFERIES SECURITIES, INC.
WELLS FARGO SECURITIES CANADA, LTD.
HSBC SECURITIES (CANADA) INC.

Promoter(s):

BAUSCH HEALTH COMPANIES INC.

Project #3326303

Issuer Name:

Brookfield Business Corporation
Brookfield Business Partners L.P.
Principal Regulator - Ontario

Type and Date:

Final Shelf Prospectus dated May 4, 2022
NP 11-202 Receipt dated May 4, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

US\$1,500,000,000 Class A Exchangeable Subordinate
Voting Shares of Brookfield Business Corporation Limited
Partnership Units of Brookfield Business Partners L.P.
(issuable or deliverable upon exchange, redemption or
acquisition of Class A Exchangeable Subordinate Voting
Shares)

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

-

Promoter(s):

-

Project #3371561

Issuer Name:

Brookfield Business Partners L.P.
Brookfield Business Corporation
Principal Regulator - Ontario

Type and Date:

Final Shelf Prospectus dated May 4, 2022
NP 11-202 Receipt dated May 4, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

US\$1,500,000,000 Class A Exchangeable Subordinate
Voting Shares of Brookfield Business Corporation Limited
Partnership Units of Brookfield Business Partners L.P.
(issuable or deliverable upon exchange, redemption or
acquisition of Class A Exchangeable Subordinate Voting
Shares)

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

-

Promoter(s):

-

Project #3371558

Issuer Name:

Canadian National Railway Company
Principal Regulator - Quebec

Type and Date:

Final Shelf Prospectus dated May 4, 2022
NP 11-202 Receipt dated May 5, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

CAD\$6,000,000,000.00 - Debt Securities

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

-

Promoter(s):

-

Project #3362160

B.9: IPOs, New Issues and Secondary Financings

Issuer Name:

DRI Healthcare Trust
Principal Regulator - Ontario

Type and Date:

Final Shelf Prospectus dated May 9, 2022
NP 11-202 Receipt dated May 9, 2022

Offering Price and Description:

Units, Preferred Units, Subscription Receipts,
Debt Securities

Underwriter(s) or Distributor(s):

-

Promoter(s):

Behzad Khosrowshahi

Project #3372852

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B.10 Registrations

B.10.1 Registrants

Type	Company	Category of Registration	Effective Date
Name Change	From: Canadian Shareowner Investments Inc. /Investissements Actionnaires Canadiens Inc. To: Wealthsimple Investments Inc.	Investment Fund Manager & Investment Dealer	May 2, 2022
Name Change	From: Relevance Wealth Management Inc. To: Forum Asset Management Inc.	Portfolio Manager, Exempt Market Dealer and Investment Fund Manager	May 3, 2022
New Registration	CQS (US) LLC	Exempt Market Dealer	May 6, 2022

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B.11

SROs, Marketplaces, Clearing Agencies and Trade Repositories

B.11.2 Marketplaces

B.11.2.1 LedgerEdge Limited – Application for an Exemption from the Marketplace Rules – Notice and Request for Comment

LEDGEREDGE LIMITED

APPLICATION FOR AN EXEMPTION FROM THE MARKETPLACE RULES

NOTICE AND REQUEST FOR COMMENT

May 12, 2022

A. Background

LedgerEdge Limited (**LedgerEdge**) has applied for an exemption from National Instrument 21-101 *Marketplace Operation* (**NI 21-101**), National Instrument 23-101 *Trading Rules* (**NI 23-101**) and National Instrument 23-103 *Electronic Trading and Direct Electronic Access to Marketplaces* (**NI 23-103** and, together with NI 21-101 and NI 23-103, the **Marketplace Rules**) in their entirety.

LedgerEdge is registered as a multilateral trading facility (**MTF**) with the U.K. Financial Conduct Authority (**FCA**). LedgerEdge operates and maintains an electronic trading platform that facilitates the trading of European and U.S. high-grade bonds and high-yield bonds, sovereign, supranational and agency bonds, non-Canadian government bonds and emerging market bonds.

B. Requested Relief

LedgerEdge requests relief from the Marketplace Rules. In the application, LedgerEdge has outlined how it meets the criteria for exemption from the Marketplace Rules set out in CSA Staff Notice 21-328 *Regulatory Approach to Foreign Marketplaces Trading Fixed Income Securities*.¹ The application and draft exemption order are attached as Annexes A and B, respectively, to this notice.

C. Comment Process

We are seeking public comment on all aspects of LedgerEdge's application and draft exemption order. Please provide your comments in writing, via e-mail, on or before June 13, 2022 to:

Market Regulation Branch
Ontario Securities Commission
20 Queen St. West, 22nd Floor
Toronto, ON, M5H 3S8
marketregulation@osc.gov.on.ca

Questions may be referred to:

Emily Park
Legal Counsel, Market Regulation
Ontario Securities Commission
epark@osc.gov.on.ca

Ruxandra Smith
Senior Accountant, Market Regulation
Ontario Securities Commission
ruxsmith@osc.gov.on.ca

¹ Available at <https://www.osc.ca/en/securities-law/instruments-rules-policies/2/21-328/csa-staff-notice-21-328-regulatory-approach-foreign-marketplaces-trading-fixed-income-securities>

ANNEX A

Ramandeep Grewal
Direct: 416 869-5265

RGrewal@stikeman.com

May 4, 2022

By Email

Ontario Securities Commission
20 Queen Street West
Suite 1900, Box 55
Toronto, Ontario M5H 3S8
Fax: (416) 593-2318

Attention: Secretary to the Commission

Dear Sirs/Mesdames:

Re: LedgerEdge Limited (“LedgerEdge” or the “Applicant”) – Application for an exemption pursuant to Section 15.1(2) of National Instrument 21-101 *Marketplace Operation* (“NI 21-101”) in whole, pursuant to Section 12.1(2) of National Instrument 23-101 *Trading Rules* (“NI 23-101”) for an exemption from NI 23-101 in whole and pursuant to Section 10(2) of National Instrument 23-103 *Electronic Trading and Direct Electronic Access to Marketplaces* (“NI 23-103”) and, together with NI 21-101 and NI 23-101, the “Marketplace Rules”) for an exemption from NI 23-103 in whole, with respect to Marketplace Rules that apply to an Alternative Trading System (“ATS”)

We are Canadian counsel to, and are filing this application (the “**Application**”) with the Ontario Securities Commission (the “**OSC**”) on behalf of the Applicant for an order granting the Requested Relief, as defined below.

Requested Relief

On behalf of LedgerEdge, we are applying for an order granting the following decisions under the Ontario securities legislation (the “**Legislation**”):

- 1) Pursuant to Section 15.1(2) of NI 21-101 for an exemption from NI 21-101 in whole;
- 2) Pursuant to Section 12.1(2) of NI 23-101 for an exemption from NI 23-101 in whole; and
- 3) Pursuant to Section 10(2) of NI 23-103 for an exemption from NI 23-103 in whole,

exempting LedgerEdge from the application of all provisions of the Marketplace Rules that apply to a person or company carrying on business as an alternative trading system (“**ATS**”) (collectively, the “**Requested Relief**”).

The Applicant is registered and regulated in the United Kingdom as a multilateral trading facility (“**MTF**”). LedgerEdge trading platform (the “**Platform**”) facilitates trading in fixed income securities (corporate, government and public non-Canadian debt securities). Pursuant to the CSA Staff Notice 21-322 *Applicability of Regulation to the Operation of MTFs or OTFs in Canada* (the “**CSA Staff Notice 21-322**”), if an MTF offers or intends to offer access to Canadian participants, it is considered to be “carrying on business” in Canada and is subject to the requirement to register as an ATS, or seek recognition as an exchange, as applicable, in the jurisdictions of Canada where it has Canadian resident clients. LedgerEdge trading platform’s operation and functionalities are akin to those of an ATS in that:

- the LedgerEdge MTF trading system is multilateral and brings together multiple third-party buying and selling interests in financial instruments;
- trading arrangements have a characteristic of a system, as the Platform operates in accordance with a set of defined rules setting the parameters through which orders can interact (as set out in the LedgerEdge Rulebook);
- the execution of transactions will take place on the trading system and in accordance with the rules of the trading system;
- once orders are matched in the trading system, a contract which is in accordance with the applicable legislation (i.e. Title II of MiFID) will be formed;
- orders will be matched on the trading system in accordance with non-discretionary rules and LedgerEdge as the operator of the trading system will have no discretion in relation to the matching of orders;

- LedgerEdge does not require any issuer to enter into an agreement to have its securities traded on the trading system;
- LedgerEdge does not provide, directly or through one or more subscribers, a guarantee of a two-sided market for a security or derivative on a continuous or reasonably continuous basis;
- LedgerEdge does not set requirements governing the conduct of participants, other than conduct in respect of the trading by those participants on the trading system; and
- LedgerEdge does not have any regulatory or enforcement powers over the participants on the trading system, other than the authority to terminate, suspend or limit the participants' access to the trading system in case of misconduct and does not discipline participants other than by exclusion from participation in the trading system.

The Applicant currently anticipates having Canadian clients resident in Ontario only. In Ontario, an ATS is regulated as a marketplace under NI 21-101. On March 5, 2020, the Canadian Securities Administrators (“**CSA**”) published CSA Staff Notice 21-328 *Regulatory Approach to Foreign Marketplaces Trading Fixed Income Securities* (the “**CSA Staff Notice 21-328**”) providing a regulatory framework that describes the approach to evaluate requests for, and determine whether to recommend, the granting of exemptions from the Marketplace Rules to foreign fixed income ATSs that request to carry on business in Canada. The CSA staff have provided a rationale that if a foreign fixed income ATS is subject to a comparable regulatory regime in its home jurisdiction that meets certain criteria and that can be relied on for investor protection and the promotion of a fair and efficient market, it would not be contrary to the public interest to allow for the foreign fixed income ATS to carry on activities with Canadian participants under its home jurisdiction regime without the need for regulatory duplication, provided that the foreign fixed income ATS complies with relevant terms and conditions imposed on its operations within Canada by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities. These terms and conditions are set out in Schedule A to the CSA Staff Notice 21-328. According to the Staff Notice 21-328, the ultimate aims of the proposed foreign fixed income ATS exemption regime are to avoid market fragmentation and reduce regulatory duplication and burden while facilitating investor protection and promoting a fair and efficient market.

The Applicant submits that the MTF regulatory regime of its home jurisdiction applicable to the Platform is sufficiently comprehensive and comparable to the ATS regulatory regime imposed by the Marketplace Rules in Ontario to justify granting an exemption from such requirements, such that the balance between having efficient capital markets and protecting public interest would be achieved and the granting of the Requested Relief would be warranted.

The CSA Staff Notice 21-328 prescribes criteria for a foreign fixed income ATS to obtain the Requested Relief. These criteria are listed in Appendix A to this Application and include, among other, how the foreign fixed income ATS is regulated in its home jurisdiction and what authority and procedures the home regulator has in place for oversight of the foreign fixed income ATS.

The Applicant submits that it has provided the information required by the OSC to determine that the Applicant is able to substantially meet or otherwise address the criteria listed in the CSA Staff Notice 21-328.

Reference will be made in this Application to the LedgerEdge Rulebook (the “**LedgerEdge Rulebook**”), which is available on the LedgerEdge website at: <https://ledgeredge.com/legal-center/>. The LedgerEdge rules are contained in the LedgerEdge Rulebook (the “**LedgerEdge Rules**”) and are separated into 30 sections, each focusing on a specific area. The LedgerEdge Rulebook is the governing document for the system. In order to become users, applicants must undertake to be bound by the LedgerEdge Rules.

For convenience, this Application is divided into the following Parts, which address each of the criteria prescribed in the CSA Staff Notice 21-328:

Section 1 - Background

Section 2 - Application of Approval Criteria to the ATS

1. Regulation of the ATS
2. Governance
3. Regulation of Products
4. Access
5. Regulation of Participants on the ATS
6. Clearing and Settlement
7. Systems and Technology
8. Outsourcing
9. Transparency and Reporting
10. Record Keeping
11. Financial Viability
12. Fees
13. Information Sharing and Oversight Arrangements
14. IOSCO Principles

Section 3 - Submissions

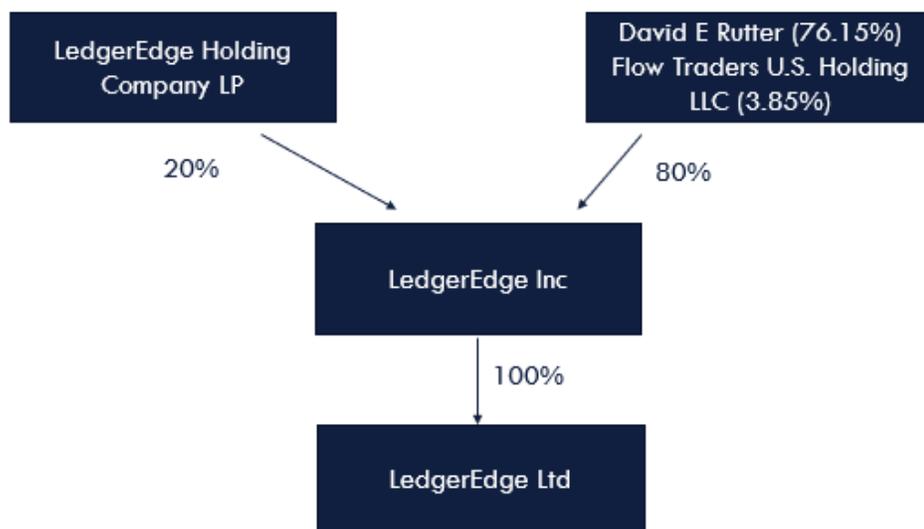
Section 4 - Other Matters

SECTION 1 – Background

1.1. Description of LedgerEdge and its business

1. LedgerEdge is a private company limited by shares, existing under the *Companies Act 2006* of the United Kingdom (the “**U.K.**”), with its head office located in London, England, U.K.
2. LedgerEdge was founded in 2020 and operates as the electronic service provider of a trading platform for institutional clients (the “**Platform**”) that facilitates trading in European and U.S. high-grade bonds and high-yield bonds, sovereign, supranational and agency bonds, non-Canadian government bonds and emerging market bonds (collectively, the “**Fixed Income Securities**”). The Platform will use distributed ledger technology to manage pre-trade information flows. At the time of submitting the Application, LedgerEdge has 27 potential buy-side and sell-side institutional clients and will commence operating the Platform in May 2022. LedgerEdge does not provide access to any retail clients.
3. LedgerEdge has obtained permission to operate as an MTF in relation to corporate, government and public securities and to deal as agent from the U.K. Financial Conduct Authority (the “**FCA**”), a U.K. equivalent of the OSC. As such, LedgerEdge has obtained the following permissions:
 - (a) Agreeing to carry on a regulated activity pursuant to article 64 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 (“**RAO**”);
 - (b) Operation of a MTF (article 25D RAO); and
 - (c) Dealing in investments as agent (article 21 RAO).
4. LedgerEdge operates as an MTF under FCA Rules. LedgerEdge is a wholly-owned subsidiary of LedgerEdge Inc., which is controlled 76.15% by Co-Founder David E. Rutter, 3.85% by Flow Traders U.S. Holding LLC and 20% by LedgerEdge Holding Company LP. All entities are under common management and control, and the corporate structure is as set out below.

LedgerEdge Ltd Company Structure



5. Trading of Fixed Income Securities is facilitated through the Platform, which is intended to bring together multiple buyers and sellers of corporate, government and public securities in the European Union (“**EU**”) and the U.K. The buying and selling of MiFID financial instruments (corporate, government and public security) will be governed by non-discretionary rules in a way that results in contracts on the Platform. LedgerEdge will have no discretion in determining how the

members on the Platform interact with each other. However, LedgerEdge has established rules governing how the system operates and the characteristics of the quotes and orders that determine the resulting trades.

6. The onboarding documentation required by LedgerEdge includes an agreement signed by the onboarding client agreeing to the terms and conditions of the use of the Platform (the "**Participation Agreement**") and Operational Specifications that set out further technical information regarding the Platform to be read in conjunction with the LedgerEdge Rulebook and that are binding on participants on the Platform ("**Participants**").
7. The Platform offers access to multiple protocols which run in parallel on the LedgerEdge Platform. The Resting Protocol allows both liquidity providers and liquidity consumers to enter firm orders by submitting bids and offers. Orders are considered filled once the orders have matched and are captured in the central database. If an order is not accepted or rejected by the liquidity provider and the order is flagged as such, it shall expire and the liquidity provider would be required to resubmit that order on the Platform.
8. LedgerEdge also runs an Executable Streaming Price Protocol ("**ESP Protocol**"), that provides liquidity providers with the opportunity to offer an ESP. Liquidity Consumers are then able to stream bids and offers from other Participants. As ESP orders are subject to liquidity provider's confirmation, the liquidity provider must confirm or reject a trade request within a time period specified in the Operational Specifications.
9. LedgerEdge also runs a Request for Quote Protocol ("**RFQ Protocol**") through which liquidity providers can respond to the requests of liquidity consumers that are initiated as RFQ. When a liquidity consumer creates an RFQ, the liquidity providers to whom the request is submitted may respond with a quote. If the quote is accepted, the order is considered "filled" once it is captured in the central database.
10. Under the Volume Matching Protocol, LedgerEdge will set a volume matching price in respect of a particular product. The price will be based either on (i) the most recent trade on the Platform, or (ii) in the absence of a recent trade, pricing information regarding that instrument drawn from the Platform or market. When the volume matching session starts, Participants can then submit orders for that particular instrument at the volume matching price, specifying the volume that they wish to trade. An engine will match pairs of orders and create matched trades and send these to the counterparties and to the Company Settlement Partner (as defined below) for onward settlement. The length of the volume matching session is set by LedgerEdge (and may vary in length, at the sole decision-making authority of LedgerEdge as the operator of the Platform). Any unmatched order will be removed at the end of the volume matching session.
11. Finally, LedgerEdge also runs a Process Trades Protocol in which Participants may arrange a potential trade between themselves off venue in an Eligible Instrument (as defined in the LedgerEdge Rulebook) that is to be submitted to the Platform for execution pursuant to the LedgerEdge Rulebook (a "**Process Trade**"). The terms of a Process Trade must be submitted to the Platform in a manner prescribed from time to time by LedgerEdge. Both Participants shall confirm Process Trades on the Platform within fifteen (15) minutes of being arranged, or sooner, if technologically practicable. The transaction will not be deemed to become executed pursuant to the LedgerEdge Rules until it has been confirmed on the Platform.
12. Participants have the ability to disclose their identity, or to remain anonymous in the pre-trade and post-trade state depending on the type of Platform service utilised.
13. It is expected that certain Ontario institutional investors wish to become clients of LedgerEdge in order to access the liquidity afforded by the robust network of clients on the Platform.
14. LedgerEdge proposes to offer access to its Platform to prospective Participants in Ontario (the "**Ontario Participants**"). In order to obtain direct access to the Platform, an Ontario Participant must agree to abide by the LedgerEdge Rulebook. The LedgerEdge Rulebook provides clear and transparent access criteria and requirements for all market participants on the Platform. LedgerEdge applies these criteria to all Participants in an impartial manner.
15. There will be no retail clients on the Platform. LedgerEdge's institutional Participants include both buy side and sell side institutions, ranging from investment firms, hedge funds, banks and high frequency trading firms.

Ontario Participants and Requested Relief

16. Ontario Participants will be comprised of institutional investors that qualify as permitted clients as defined in Section 1.1 of National Instrument 31-103 *Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations* ("**NI 31-103**").
17. LedgerEdge intends to provide Ontario Participants with direct access to the Platform. LedgerEdge is asking for the Requested Relief in order for Ontario Participants to be able to access trading on the Platform.

18. LedgerEdge has no physical presence in Ontario and does not otherwise carry on business in Ontario except as described herein.

Location

19. LedgerEdge is based at 64 Nile Street, London, England, N1 7SR, U.K.

Size

20. The majority of LedgerEdge's institutional clients are located in Europe. However, a number will be in jurisdictions which allow the Applicant to operate under foreign exemptions such as Canada. LedgerEdge expects the great majority of activity to continue to come from European clients.

Ownership and corporate structure

21. LedgerEdge is a wholly-owned subsidiary of LedgerEdge Inc., a company incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware, U.S. LedgerEdge Inc. owns 100% of shares of LedgerEdge.
22. LedgerEdge Inc. is controlled 76.15 percent by Co-Founder David E. Rutter, 3.85% by Flow Traders U.S. Holding LLC and 20% by LedgerEdge Holding Company LP. All entities are under common management and control.
23. LedgerEdge has no subsidiaries, but it is affiliated with LedgerEdge Securities Inc., a U.S. incorporated company formed to conduct similar activities from the U.S., which has applied for registration as a broker-dealer and ATS regulation under U.S. securities legislation.

Third Party Clearance and Settlement Entity

24. In its capacity as the Company's settlement partner, Global Prime Partners Limited ("GPP" or the "Company Settlement Partner"), is responsible for clearing and settlement (GPP clears and settles).

Trading of Debt Securities

25. LedgerEdge provides its clients with access to trade in Fixed Income Securities as facilitated by the Platform, including trades in U.S. Treasuries for hedging purposes

Tradeable Securities

26. Participants on the Platform may choose to trade any of the Fixed Income Securities listed as Eligible Instruments in the LedgerEdge Rulebook. In order to trade, a Participant must enter a security's description or ISIN, desired direction, size and price.
27. LedgerEdge's Rulebook provides Rule 24 to address trade cancellations and error trades.

SECTION 2 APPLICATION OF APPROVAL CRITERIA TO THE ATS

1.1 REGULATION OF THE ATS

Regulation of the ATS – The ATS is regulated in an appropriate manner in another jurisdiction by a foreign regulator (the Foreign Regulator)

- 1.1.1 A U.K. MTF (as defined in article 2(1)(14A) of MiFIR) means a multilateral system, operated by a U.K. investment firm or market operator, which:
- (a) brings together multiple third-party buying and selling interests in financial instruments (in the system and in accordance with non-discretionary rules) in a way which results in a contract; and
 - (b) complies, as applicable, with:
 - (i) paragraph 9A of the Recognition Requirements Regulations;
 - (ii) the EU regulations specified in Schedule 2 of MiFIR;
 - (iii) rules made by the competent authority (U.K. FCA) governing the operating conditions of investment firms so far as they apply to MTFs,
- 1.1.2 Section 6.1 of NI 21-101 requires dealer firms, as well as their professional representatives, to be registered with the OSC and also be a member of Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada ("IIROC") or a similar self-

regulatory organization in order to operate their business as an ATS. In the U.K., entities permitted to deal in investments as agent are authorised and regulated by the U.K. Financial Conduct Authority (“FCA”). LedgerEdge has been granted the following permissions by FCA:

- Agreeing to carry on a regulated activity pursuant to article 64 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 (“RAO”)
- Operation of a Multilateral Trading Facility (article 25D RAO)
- Dealing in investments as agent (article 21 RAO)

1.1.3 In the U.K., responsibility for regulating the conduct of investment businesses, providing investor protection, protecting and enhancing the integrity of the U.K. financial system and promoting effective competition rests with the FCA that imposes rules of conduct on the FCA regulated companies and maintains confidence in the probity of business and financial services in the U.K.

1.1.4 The principal legal provisions for investor protection in the U.K.’s financial services sector are contained in, and derived from, the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and the FCA fulfils its regulatory responsibilities within the framework established by this legislation.

1.1.5 In its enforcement capacity, the FCA has the power to take disciplinary actions against regulated individuals or companies that violate the industry’s rules. The Financial Ombudsman Service (“FOS”) is responsible for overseeing the mediation and arbitration processes for disputes between clients and FCA regulated companies.

1.2 Authority of the Foreign Regulator – The Foreign Regulator has the appropriate authority and procedures for oversight of the ATS. This includes regular, periodic oversight reviews of the ATS by the Foreign Regulator.

The U.K. FCA was established by the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, and is responsible for authorising and supervising firms in financial markets, as well as having powers of enforcement.

Scope of authority

1.2.1 The FCA enforces the financial services laws of the United Kingdom and regulates the majority of the financial services industry. Its regulatory coverage includes the U.K. stock exchanges, options markets and options exchanges as well as all other electronic exchanges and other electronic securities markets.

1.2.2 One of the FCA’s functions is to oversee organizations and individuals in the securities markets, including securities exchanges, brokerage firms, dealers, investment advisors, and investment funds. Through established securities rules and regulations, the FCA promotes disclosure and sharing of market-related information, fair dealing, and protection against fraud. The FCA has the authority to bring civil actions to enforce its rules and works closely with other law enforcement agencies on matters requiring criminal enforcement. The FCA has an extensive range of disciplinary, criminal and civil powers to take action against regulated and non-regulated firms and individuals, who are failing or have failed to meet the standards it requires. It will investigate and, where appropriate, discipline the regulated company, if found to have acted in breach of its rules or other regulatory requirements.

1.2.3 The FCA establishes a regulatory structure for overseeing MTFs in MAR 5 of the FCA Handbook, which implemented the provisions of MIFID into U.K. law.. This regulatory structure includes

- transparent rules and procedures for fair and orderly trading,
- objective criteria for the efficient execution of orders which are established and implemented in non-discretionary rules
- arrangements for the sound management of the technical operations of the facility, including the establishment of effective contingency arrangements to cope with the risks of systems disruption
- transparent rules regarding the criteria for determining the financial instruments that can be traded under its systems
- published, transparent and non-discriminatory rules, based on objective criteria.

1.2.4 The rules regulating the operation of MTFs include, but are not limited to:

- the resilience of the firm’s trading systems;

- its capacity to deal with peak order and message volumes;
 - the ability to ensure orderly trading under conditions of severe market stress;
 - the effectiveness of business continuity arrangements to ensure the continuity of the MTF's services if there is any failure of its trading systems, including the testing of the MTF's systems and controls;
 - the ability to reject orders that exceed predetermined volume and price thresholds or which are clearly erroneous;
 - the ability to ensure that algorithmic trading systems cannot create or contribute to disorderly trading conditions on the trading venue;
 - the ability to limit and enforce the minimum tick size which may be executed on the MTF
 - the requirement for members and participants to carry out appropriate testing of algorithms, including providing environments
 - to facilitate that testing.
- 1.2.5 FCA also performs periodic audits of FCA regulated companies. These audits review companies' internal procedures and applications. Companies' books and records are also verified for compliance with applicable legislation and FCA's rules.
- 1.2.6 Entities permitted to deal in investments as agents also have ongoing duties of financial responsibility, customer protection, and good conduct. These duties are imposed through the rules such as the following:
- **Customer protection rule.** Customer funds and securities must be segregated from the entity's proprietary business operations.
 - **Record-keeping.** Basic bookkeeping requirements include records of trades, receipts, positions held in different securities, trial balances, complaints, and compliance, together with reports to be filed periodically.
 - **Fair dealing.** Execute client orders promptly, disclose information relevant to investors, charge prices in line with market conditions, and disclose conflicts of interest.
 - **Suitability of clients.** Only recommend investments or strategies that are suitable for the clients concerned.
 - **Communication.** Be fair, balanced, and not misleading in communications with clients, seeking approval before communication as needed.
 - **Gifts and contributions.** Observe rules concerning maximum value of gifts made to clients and political contributions.
 - **Suspicious Transactions Reports (STRs).** File reports of any suspicious activities noted by the entity, including investments over predefined monetary limits.

Source of authority to supervise the foreign ATS (including rules and policy statements)

- 1.2.7 FCA is authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, and supervises MTFs via MAR 5 within the FCA Handbook, which can be found here: <https://www.handbook.fca.org.uk/handbook/MAR/5.pdf>.
- 1.2.8 In general, an MTF must continue to fulfil these obligations to maintain its status as an MTF.
- 1.2.9 The FCA is the authority charged with ensuring that MTFs (such as LedgerEdge) continue to comply with MAR 5. The FCA has the power under the Financial Services and Markets Act to, among other things,:
- (i) Withdraw a firm's authorization;
 - (ii) Prohibit an individual from operating in financial services;
 - (iii) Prevent an individual from undertaking specific regulated activities;
 - (iv) Suspend a firm or authorised person from undertaking specific regulated activities;
 - (v) Censure firms and individuals through public statements;

- (vi) Issue private warnings to make a person aware that they came close to being subject to formal action.
- (vii) Impose financial penalties;
- (viii) Seek injunctions;
- (ix) Apply to court to freeze assets;
- (x) Seek restitution orders; and
- (xi) Prosecute firms and individuals who undertake regulated activities without authorization.

Accordingly, LedgerEdge is subject to the oversight of the FCA. LedgerEdge enjoys a good-standing relationship with its regulator.

- 1.2.10 The FCA exercises its supervisory responsibility by conducting an ongoing assessment of whether LedgerEdge's rules, procedures and practices are adequate for the protection of investors and for the maintenance of an orderly market in accordance with the requirements under MAR 5 and LedgerEdge's FCA-registered Rulebook. For this purpose, the FCA requires LedgerEdge and MTFs in general to report to it any material changes in their business and operation, including, materially adverse financial information or changes to its constitution. Further, MTFs must provide access to the FCA, upon request to, any records that an MTF is required to keep pursuant to SYSC 9.1 <https://www.handbook.fca.org.uk/handbook/SYSC/9/1.html>

Authorization, licensure or registration of the ATS

- 1.2.11 LedgerEdge has a statutory obligation to ensure that its business as an MTF is conducted in an orderly manner so as to afford proper protection to investors. Failure to comply with this obligation may mean that LedgerEdge could cease to be able to operate as an MTF.

- 1.2.12 LedgerEdge requires each client to make representations and warranties as to the following:

- (i) it is in compliance with all applicable laws in all material respects;
- (ii) all information provided by it in writing to LedgerEdge (including all information contained in applications, questionnaires and information forms, and including information delivered via electronic means) is true and accurate in all material respects;
- (iii) it satisfactorily meets the Applicant's internal client on-boarding requirements, including any eligibility criteria or other requirements contained in the LedgerEdge Rules and is able to effect settlement of "**Transactions**" (as defined in the LedgerEdge Rulebook) in accordance with the LedgerEdge's Rules as set out in the LedgerEdge Rulebook and the Participation Agreement;
- (iv) it is authorized to enter into the Transactions entered into by it through the Platform and each of such Transactions, as confirmed by the Platform, is the legal, valid and binding obligation of Participant, enforceable against the Participant in accordance with its terms and the terms thereof;
- (v) it possesses the sophistication, experience, knowledge and expertise in financial and business matters to make its own investment decisions and to properly assess the merits, risks and suitability of investing in, and entering into Transactions in respect of, the Products;
- (vi) the "**Authorized User**" (as defined in the LedgerEdge Rulebook) is (x) capable of evaluating investment risks independently, both in general and with regard to particular Transactions and investment strategies involving a security or securities and (y) will exercise independent judgment in evaluating the merits of all potential Transactions;
- (vii) it acknowledges, agrees and understands that (w) all Transactions are unsolicited transactions, (x) no Transaction will be solicited or recommended by LedgerEdge or any of its representatives; (y) its decision to enter into any Transaction will be based on its own research and information, or on research and information obtained from a source other than LedgerEdge and its representatives, and neither LedgerEdge nor any of its representatives will have any input into its decision to enter into such Transaction; and (z) LedgerEdge does not provide a guarantee of a two-sided market for a security or derivative on a continuous or reasonably continuous basis;
- (viii) it is and will continue to be either (x) an Eligible Counterparty or (y) a Professional Counterparty, as defined by the FCA;

- (ix) it has implemented policies and procedures to ensure its compliance with all applicable laws related to anti-money laundering and sanctions and shall ensure that it follows such policies and procedures with respect to its use of and access to the Platform (and ensure that its Authorized Users follow such policies and procedures in accessing and using the Platform).
- (x) it has adequate arrangements in place for entering into trades, order management, clearing (if relevant) and settlement of all orders submitted;
- (xi) it will be able to provide (if requested) such information that the Applicant may require in relation to the validity of any order or trade;
- (xii) it has adequate organizational procedures and controls to limit the submission of erroneous orders on the Platform; and
- (xiii) it is able to satisfy the technical specifications and standards required by the Applicant for participation on the Platform.

The Applicant applies the above listed criteria during the onboarding process to any prospective Participant that submits an application to participate in the Platform. The Applicant also performs anti-money laundering and know-your-client checks and ensures that the Participant is based in a jurisdiction where the Applicant is permitted to carry on the Platform business or where it does not need to be further authorized to provide the Platform services. Furthermore, Participants covenant to notify the Applicant promptly in the event any of the foregoing representations and warranties become untrue at any time during the term of the Participation Agreement.

1.3 *The foreign regulator's approach to the detection and deterrence of abusive trading practices, market manipulation, and other unfair trading practices or disruptions of the market*

1.3.1 Pursuant to MAR 5.6 MTFs are required to comply with antifraud, antimanipulation and other applicable provisions of the U.K. version of Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on market abuse (market abuse regulation). This entails the following:

- (i) LedgerEdge's tech-operations team monitors system performance and usage in real-time;
- (ii) All orders and trades on the LedgerEdge platform are sent in real-time to the Eventus Systems Inc Validus system, and reviewed by LedgerEdge's Market Surveillance team in real-time;
- (iii) LedgerEdge's Compliance Officer reviews and signs off on trades and any surveillance alerts daily; and
- (iv) LedgerEdge employs a third-party compliance consultant to review LedgerEdge's review (conducted weekly).
- (v) orders and trades on LedgerEdge are subject to pre and post trade transparency reporting to the FCA. In addition, certain transactions are reportable to FCA dependant on the counterparties involved on each trade.

Chapter 5 of LedgerEdge's Rulebook further addresses the duties and responsibilities of Participants, to ensure compliance with all material laws. Lastly, LedgerEdge's internal policies address and prohibit employee trading on material non-public information.

Laws, rules, regulations and policies that govern the authorization and ongoing supervision and oversight of market intermediaries in the U.K.

Procedures for dealing with the failure of a market intermediary in order to minimize damage and loss to investors and to contain systemic risk for market intermediaries who may deal with members and other participants located in Canada

1.3.2 See section 1.2 above and the information set out under paragraphs 1.2.9 and 1.2.10, and part 5, sections 5.1 and 5.2 and section 7.2 below for further information in this regard.

2. GOVERNANCE

2.1 Governance – The governance structure and governance arrangements of the ATS ensure:

(a) ***Effective oversight of the ATS operations,***

2.1.1 LedgerEdge has independent departments handling product development, testing, change management (code deployment), infrastructure and system operation. Further, LedgerEdge employs real-time monitoring of the Platform with end of day checks by management. Trades, and trading in employee personal accounts, are also regularly reviewed by a third-party, compliance consulting firm.

2.1.2 LedgerEdge provides the trading environment for the trading of Fixed Income Securities. As an MTF conforming with U.K. regulatory requirements, LedgerEdge offers a legally safe forum for Fixed Income Securities trading. As an MTF, LedgerEdge comes under the direct jurisdiction of the FCA as discussed above.

2.1.3 LedgerEdge has a statutory requirement to ensure that business on its markets is conducted in an orderly manner, providing proper protection to investors. The LedgerEdge Rules have been designed to ensure compliance with all applicable legislation and to ensure a fair and orderly market. LedgerEdge has an internal compliance department and contracts with a third-party compliance consultant which, among other things, monitors LedgerEdge's compliance with all applicable legislation. LedgerEdge's Chief Compliance Officer is responsible for updating policies and procedures to comply with changes in regulation.

2.1.4 The Applicant's governance arrangements have been documented to ensure that all individuals are aware of and understand their obligations. LedgerEdge will assign responsibilities among senior management to ensure that everyone in the organization is clear on their responsibilities and importance of their respective roles in maintaining an effective systems and controls environment. This will assist in monitoring and maintaining control of operating and financial activities. LedgerEdge is organized into a Board of Directors, Management Committee, and Risk Committee. Day to day management of LedgerEdge is delegated by the Board to the Management Committee. A Risk Committee will be appointed and will be responsible for the Applicant's risk framework, risk appetite, risk strategy, controls, systems and policies.

(b) ***fair, meaningful and diverse representation on the board of directors and any committees of the board of directors, including:***

(i) ***appropriate representation of independent directors, and***

(ii) ***a proper balance among the interests of the different persons or companies using services and facilities of the ATS,***

2.1.5 LedgerEdge's directors are appointed having regard to the need to have representation of a diverse range of skills and experience related to securities markets and debt trading. The Board of Directors comprises of David Rutter as chairman and executive officers of LedgerEdge. The Board of Directors will:

- Set LedgerEdge's strategy;
- Assume full responsibility for the oversight of LedgerEdge's operations, including the implementation and oversight of regulatory programs;
- Ensure the human and financial resources are available to meet strategic objectives;
- Review LedgerEdge's management performance;
- Monitor and maintain compliance with regulatory obligations, applicable rules and guidance;
- Establish, maintain and enforce written procedures to identify and mitigate conflicts of interest; and
- Ensure that LedgerEdge does not prioritize commercial interests over regulatory responsibilities.

(c) ***The ATS has policies and procedures to appropriately identify and manage conflicts of interest, and***

2.1.6 LedgerEdge takes potential conflicts of interest and the associated consequences seriously and has implemented appropriate policies and procedures to mitigate the risk of such occurrences. LedgerEdge does not trade for its own account so it has no interests to be conflicted. Further, neither GPP, nor any GPP affiliate, conducts proprietary trading on LedgerEdge. These procedures supplement the legal duties on directors to avoid any situation in which he or she has, or could have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or could conflict, with the interests of the Applicant.

- 2.1.7 In addition, LedgerEdge has taken into account conflicts of interest that could arise in its role as operator and a participant of the venue in connection with its broker activities. These conflicts of interests are not as heightened as in a model whereby the broker (when acting as agent) has discretion over which MTFs to use. LedgerEdge as a broker is being used to facilitate access to the Platform for clients who would otherwise not be able to do so easily, and is following such clients' specific instructions. It is not anticipated that this order flow will be a substantial or significant part of the Platform's volume. Notwithstanding this, a full conflict of interest analysis has been carried out focusing in particular on the following areas and action points:
- All orders will be treated the same whether entered directly by a participant or via direct electronic access ("DEA") coming in through LedgerEdge dealing as broker agent;
 - LedgerEdge Broker will not be working its own orders or working the orders of clients, but following instructions;
 - LedgerEdge will carefully monitor order flows on an ongoing basis to ensure that there is no difference between the treatment of order flow from a direct participant versus order flow via LedgerEdge as a broker;
 - LedgerEdge as a broker will always act as pure agent for the client and in a passive capacity.
- 2.1.8 LedgerEdge is required to comply with article 2(3) of ITS 19 (EU Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/824) regarding any potential conflicts between the interest of the MTF, its operator or its owners and the sound functioning of the MTF.
- 2.1.9 LedgerEdge has identified a conflict of interest between David Rutter as chairman of LedgerEdge and the fact that he is also CEO of R3 LLC, whom LedgerEdge have engaged as provider of the Corda Enterprise platform used for the LedgerEdge digital ledger. All dealings with R3 LLC will be on an arms-length basis, and all contracts between LedgerEdge and R3 LLC must be approved by the boards of LedgerEdge and R3 LLC before they are put in place. LedgerEdge receives the same pricing and the same terms and conditions as any other firm contracting with R3 LLC at arm's length.
- 2.1.10 In addition, all LedgerEdge employees are subject to contractual restrictions that are designed to mitigate, manage and limit conflicts of interest. LedgerEdge also runs background checks on all of its employees.
- 2.1.11 LedgerEdge has also implemented a Conflicts of Interest, Independence and Impartiality Policy, as part of its Compliance Manual, which provides employees with an overview of LedgerEdge's key obligations and the controls implemented in order to identify, disclose and manage actual conflicts of interest.
- 2.1.12 Conflicts are also not expected to arise between one client of the Firm and another. LedgerEdge's compliance department will continuously monitor conflicts within the business and these will be identified and addressed in line with the Conflicts of Interest, Independence and Impartiality Policy. Any breaches of the policy will be logged in LedgerEdge's risk breach log.
- (d) ***There are appropriate qualifications, remuneration, limitation of liability and indemnity provisions for directors, officers and employees of the ATS.***
- 2.1.13 The LedgerEdge articles of association is LedgerEdge's principal governing document. LedgerEdge has adopted the Model articles for private companies limited by shares: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/model-articles-for-private-companies-limited-by-shares>, which include standard directors' appointment, qualification, remuneration, indemnity and insurance provisions.
- 2.2 *Fitness – The ATS has policies and procedures under which it will take reasonable steps, and has taken such reasonable steps, to ensure that each director and officer is a fit and proper person.***
- 2.2.1 Each director is appointed on merit based on skills, qualifications and experience and is subject to detailed disclosure requirements under *Companies Act 2006*, which includes information as to criminal or civil sanctions and regulatory actions, and such disclosures are publicly accessible on the FCA's public register.
- 3. REGULATION OF PRODUCTS**
- 3.1 *Review and Approval of Products – The products traded on the ATS and any changes thereto are reviewed by the Foreign Regulator, and are either approved by the Foreign Regulator or are subject to requirements established by the Foreign Regulator that must be met before implementation of a product or changes to a product***
- 3.1.1 FCA is responsible for regulating securities, including Fixed Income Securities and as such all products traded on LedgerEdge fall under the jurisdiction of FCA. LedgerEdge is required to have any products they wish to trade included within their FCA authorisation, and can only add new products following a variation of permission from FCA.

3.2 Product Specifications – The terms and conditions of trading the products are in conformity with the usual commercial customs and practices for the trading of such products.

3.2.1 The FCA establishes a range of requirements that must be met before any new product is admitted for trading on the Platform. New products must be capable of being traded in a fair, orderly and efficient manner and the Platform must be designed so as to allow for its orderly pricing.

3.2.2 Initially, the Applicant will populate the data system of the Platform with the information on the specific Fixed Income Securities to be admitted to trading on the Platform (provided they have passed the scrutiny of the LedgerEdge Risk Committee). Where a specific Fixed Income Security is not admitted to trading on the Platform, a Participant may request that the Applicant add that instrument. The requested Fixed Income Security will be added to the Platform if it passes an internal review process comprising of the Applicant's Management Committee and Risk Committee review to establish whether the proposed new instrument is appropriate and can be safely traded on the Platform.

3.3 Risks Associated with Trading Products – The ATS maintains adequate provisions to measure, manage and mitigate the risks associated with trading products on the ATS.

3.3.1 LedgerEdge maintains adequate provisions to measure, manage and mitigate the risks associated with trading products on the Platform as required by the legislation or as instituted by the Company Settlement Partner. These include, but are not limited to, conformance to daily trading limits, 'market access' controls and internal controls. Appendix B to this Application sets out a description of all such controls.

4. ACCESS

4.1 Fair Access

(a) **The ATS has established appropriate written standards for access to its services including requirements to ensure:**

(i) **Participants are appropriately registered as applicable under the Legislation, or exempted from or not subject to these requirements,**

(ii) **The competence, integrity and authority of systems users, and**

(iii) **Systems users are adequately supervised.**

(b) **The access standards and the process for obtaining, limiting and denying access are fair, transparent and applied reasonably.**

(c) **The ATS shall not unreasonably prohibit, condition or limit access by a person or company to services offered by it.**

(d) **The ATS does not**

(i) **permit unreasonable discrimination among participants, or**

(ii) **impose any burden on competition that is not reasonably necessary and appropriate.**

4.1.1 An MTF is required to have published, transparent and non-discriminatory rules, based on objective criteria, governing access to its facility and which must provide that its members or participants are investment firms, CRD credit institutions or other persons who:

(a) are of sufficient good repute;

(b) have a sufficient level of trading ability, competence and experience;

(c) where applicable, have adequate organisational arrangements; and

(d) have sufficient resources for the role they are to perform, taking into account the different financial arrangements that the firm operating the MTF may have established in order to guarantee the adequate settlement of transactions.

These rules are governed by MAR 5.3 and implement MIFID articles 18(3), 19(2), and 53(3).

Access requirements

- 4.1.2 As a regulated MTF, LedgerEdge is subject to U.K. marketplace regulatory requirements that are closely aligned with EU MIFID requirements outlined above. LedgerEdge is obligated under the **MAR 5.3** <https://www.handbook.fca.org.uk/handbook/MAR/5/3.html> to ensure that access to its facilities is fair and non-discriminatory.
- 4.1.3 LedgerEdge's access to the Platform criteria are outlined in the LedgerEdge Rulebook and Operational Specifications and applied equally to all Participants. Chapters 3 to 6 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook set out the requirements for access to and use of the Platform, as well as requirements relating to provision of information. Access requirements for prospective Participants on the Platform are set out in Chapter 3 and 4 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook. Chapter 4 specifies the requirements that are applicable to each Participant, including, for instance, the prospective Participant's regulatory status and the obligations of Participants to promptly provide information reasonably requested by LedgerEdge. Chapter 20 sets out the ability of LedgerEdge to investigate and suspend or terminate a Participant's access to the Platform for suspected breaches of the Rules.
- 4.1.4 When a potential participant applies for access to the Platform, the participant must confirm its regulatory status, and this is confirmed as part of LedgerEdge's Know-Your-Client (KYC) and anti-money laundering (AML) on-boarding process. A similar process is proposed to be implemented for Ontario Participants.
- 4.1.5 The LedgerEdge Rulebook does not allow a person to enter into a trade on the Platform unless that person can validly enter into trades in accordance with the law or regulation applicable to that person.
- 4.1.6 LedgerEdge is regulated in the U.K. by the FCA. It is therefore familiar with regulators imposing particular requirements as a result of local law and regulation. LedgerEdge's rules are designed to ensure that its Participants comply with these requirements through section 5.7 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook.

Due diligence and on-going supervision

- 4.1.7 LedgerEdge conducts a robust due diligence procedure to ensure that LedgerEdge's Participants are fit and proper, in order to protect the integrity of the Platform and the orderliness of its business. Once a Participant has been admitted, controls are also applied to any additional system users. System users are also subject to supervision on an on-going basis.
- 4.1.8 LedgerEdge performs regular due diligence on LedgerEdge's client list to ensure none appear on applicable restricted lists.

5. REGULATION OF PARTICIPANTS ON THE ATS

Regulation – LedgerEdge has the authority, resources, capabilities, systems and processes to set requirements governing only the conduct in respect of the trading by the participants on the Platform.

5.1 Participants are required to demonstrate their compliance with these requirements

- 5.1.1 Participants attest to their compliance with the Applicant's requirements via execution of their onboarding and related documentation. The onboarding documentation required by LedgerEdge includes collection of a Participation Agreement and completion of an on-boarding/Wolfsberg questionnaire (see <https://www.wolfsberg-principles.com/wolfsbergcb>). Additional information is collected and verified through KYC process.
- 5.1.2 The financial resource requirements, standards, guides or thresholds required of Participants are set out in Chapter 4 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook (the "**Eligibility Criteria**"). Participants attest to these criteria in their signed documentation and financial information is collected and verified through the KYC process.
- 5.1.3 All Participants are required by LedgerEdge to satisfy the Eligibility Criteria on an ongoing basis. The Participants are required to notify LedgerEdge of anything that LedgerEdge might reasonably expect to be disclosed. This would include all legal, financial and regulatory matters that are material to their standing as Participants. Participants must also provide the information necessary to confirm their continued compliance with the eligibility criteria set out in the LedgerEdge Rulebook.
- 5.1.4 In addition, the LedgerEdge Rules have provisions regarding the conduct of Participants. These include provisions relating to "conduct rules" (in Chapter 6 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook), which are designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices. Generally, the provisions of Chapter 6 (Conduct Rules) and Chapter 20 (Suspension or Termination of Participation) are designed to set out how trading on the Platform should take place in a fair and orderly manner and have been designed to ensure just and equitable principles of trade and to foster co-operation and co-

ordination with persons or companies engaged in regulating, clearing, settling, processing information with respect to, and facilitating transactions in products traded on the Platform.

5.2 Client Advisory and Member Services

5.2.1 LedgerEdge employs a team of client-facing employees to ensure all Participants and their Authorized Users are familiar with the Platform protocols, new releases or enhancements, and/or for any market-related matter where assistance may be needed in real-time.

5.3 Regulation and Enforcement of LedgerEdge Rules on Participants

5.3.1 LedgerEdge is not recognized as a national security exchange in the U.K. and, therefore, does not have any regulatory or enforcement powers over its Participants and does not discipline the Participants, other than by exclusion from participation in the trading system. It does, however, have the authority to terminate, suspend or limit the Participants' access to the Platform in case of misconduct, as provided in Chapter 20 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook.

5.3.2 LedgerEdge also has certain summary powers that are set out in Section 10.15 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook (including an absolute discretion to prohibit, remove, suspend, terminate or cancel orders or instruments on the Platform), to deal with any occurrence or circumstance which threatens or may threaten such matters as the fair and orderly trading on the Platform.

5.4 LedgerEdge's capacity to detect, investigate, and sanction persons who violate LedgerEdge Rules

5.4.1 Chapter 20 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook sets out LedgerEdge's capacity to investigate and sanction persons who violate LedgerEdge Rules. Chapter 6 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook prohibits fraud and abuse as well as other trading practices and market abuses.

5.4.2 LedgerEdge has sufficient personnel, and sufficient software tools, to monitor the Platform. The trading operations and technology operations teams monitor the real time market for orderly trading on the Platform. Part of this monitoring includes enforcement of LedgerEdge's policies in respect of error trades and erroneous submissions. As a result of daily monitoring of the real-time market, trading operations may identify activity or behaviour which warrants further investigation or analysis (examples include but are not limited to: unusual price movements in the real-time market, or order behaviour which may be detrimental to the integrity of the market).

6. CLEARING AND SETTLEMENT

6.1 *Clearing Arrangements – The ATS has appropriate arrangements for the clearing and settlement of transactions through a clearing house.*

6.2 *Regulation of the Clearing House – The clearing house is subject to acceptable regulation.*

6.2.1 LedgerEdge's responsibility is to ensure the efficient settlement of transactions. The rules governing the settlement of transactions executed on the Platform are set out at Rule 13 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook. All transactions shall be settled promptly and efficiently between the parties in the relevant settlement system associated with the relevant bond market in compliance with the rules and regulations promulgated by such service in respect of the clearance and settlement of transactions. Participants on the Platform are made aware of their responsibilities in relation to settlement by Rule 13 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook. The most current, up to date version of the Rulebook is published and freely available to the general public on LedgerEdge's website.

6.2.2 LedgerEdge has contracted with GPP to serve as the Company Settlement Partner for the Platform. GPP has appropriate arrangements for the clearing and settlement of Transactions through a clearing and settlement agent. LedgerEdge creates and sends transaction details to GPP and each counterparty to the transaction.

6.2.3 Broadly there are two primary ways of carrying out settlement on the Platform. Firstly, Participants may trade bilaterally between themselves when a trade is executed on the Platform. In such trades, the two parties will settle the trade directly with each other. Secondly, LedgerEdge appointed the Company Settlement Partner (GPP), to facilitate settlement between the Participants where they do not wish to be disclosed as trading parties to one another.

6.2.4 GPP is regulated by the FCA as an investment firm, with FCA firm reference number 533039. It provides clearing services into various central securities depositories including Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC") and Euroclear.

6.3 Access to the Clearing House

(a) ***The clearing house has established appropriate written standards for access to its services.***

- (b) ***The access standards for clearing members and the process for obtaining, limiting and denying access are fair, transparent and applied reasonably.***

6.3.1 As noted above, clearing is undertaken through an independent third party, GPP.

6.4 *Sophistication of Technology of Clearing House – The ATS has assured itself that the information technology used by the clearing house has been adequately reviewed and tested and provides at least the same level of safeguards as required of the ATS.*

6.4.1 LedgerEdge has direct integration with GPP for the passing of settlement instructions, and GPP in turn has direct access to the relevant securities depository.

6.5 Testing

6.5.1 All releases (both major and minor/patches) undergo similar testing regimens:

6.5.2 Testing of a release includes: developer testing of each feature on a local build, peer review and automated testing of new code, code merging into test environments, automated regression testing, quality assurance and manual regression testing, quality assurance signoff, product development signoff, and production release, as set out below:

- (a) Developer testing: Each developer tests his/her own code to ensure proper functionality on a local machine (sandboxed environment).
- (b) Peer review: Other developers review the writer's code to ensure optimization and proper function.
- (c) Automated testing of new code to ensure proper functionality
- (d) Merging of new code into a test environment
- (e) Automated testing of merged code to ensure proper functionality of new code and proper functionality of previously existing code.
- (f) Quality assurance and manual regression testing to ensure proper functionality of new code and proper functionality of previously existing code.
- (g) Quality assurance signoff
- (h) Product development signoff
- (i) Production release.

6.6 *Risk Management of Clearing House – The ATS has assured itself that the clearing house has established appropriate risk management policies and procedures, contingency plans, default procedures and internal controls*

6.6.1 As noted above, LedgerEdge has contracted with GPP to serve as Company Settlement Partner for the Platform. GPP, as an FCA regulated entity, has appropriate arrangements for the clearing and settlement of transactions through a clearing house.

6.7 *Custody Functions – Whether the ATS performs custody functions and if so, how*

6.7.1 LedgerEdge does not perform custody functions.

7. SYSTEMS AND TECHNOLOGY

7.1 *Systems and Technology – Each of the ATS's critical systems has appropriate internal controls to ensure completeness, accuracy, integrity and security of information, and, in addition, has sufficient capacity and business continuity plans to enable the ATS to properly carry on its business. Critical systems are those that support the following functions:*

- (a) ***order entry,***
- (b) ***order routing,***
- (c) ***execution,***
- (d) ***trade reporting,***
- (e) ***trade comparison,***

- (f) **data feeds,**
- (g) **market surveillance,**
- (h) **trade clearing, and**
- (i) **financial reporting.**

7.1.1 LedgerEdge’s critical systems that have appropriate internal controls as applicable to its trading functionality include:

- (a) security selection and reference data,
- (b) order entry,
- (c) fat finger controls,
- (d) order matching,
- (e) trade reporting,
- (f) trade routing,
- (g) data feeds, and
- (h) market surveillance.

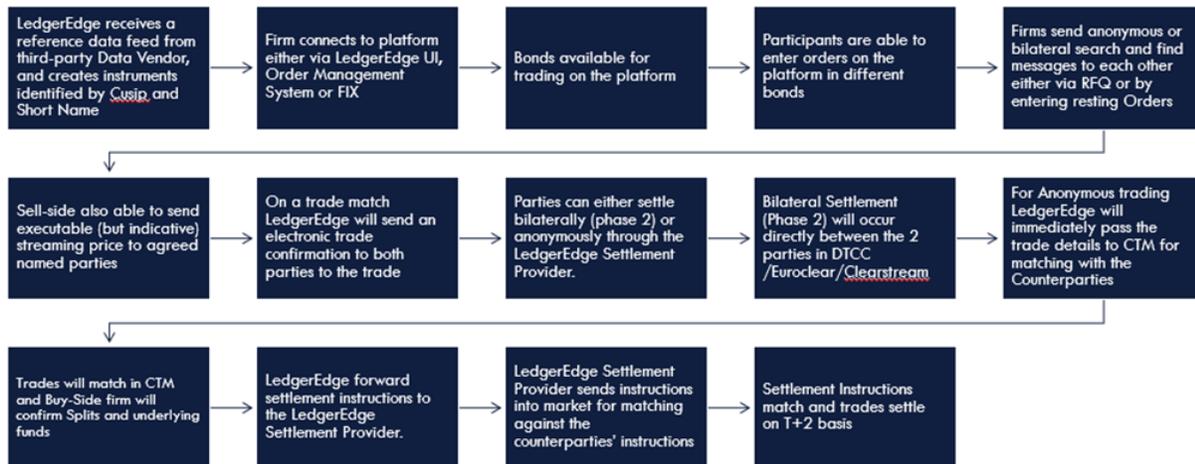
Please see Appendix B for detailed description of the Platform’s system controls.

Regulatory Requirements

Description of the matching system - Manner of Operation of the LedgerEdge ATS

7.1.2 The Platform will facilitate trades between large, sophisticated professional and eligible counterparties in a range of debt instruments including bonds issued by governments, government agencies, supra-nationals and corporates. In each case, pre-trade anonymity (of both identity and price/volume) is considered vital by clients. The presence or absence of such anonymity directly influences Participants’ willingness to put up prices (and sizes) and, as a consequence, their contribution to market liquidity. This is particularly the case where they wish to deal in larger than normal sizes (in liquid bonds) or any size at all (in less liquid or illiquid bonds). A summary of the trade flow on the Platform is displayed in the diagram below.

LedgerEdge Trade Flow – UK MTF



*CTM is DTCC’s Central Trade Matching system, which is used extensively in the fixed income and equities markets for trade matching and provision of split allocations.

- 7.1.3 The Platform will operate different trading protocols:
- (a) the “RFQ Protocol”, a request-for-quote trading system;
 - (b) the “ESP Protocol”, a quote-driven trading system;
 - (c) the “Resting Protocol”, a continuous auction order book trading system; and
 - (d) the “Volume Matching”.

Trading Operation

RFQ (Request for Quote) Protocol

- 7.1.4 The RFQ will be sent to participants who have indications that they are holding the same bonds (i.e. are matched). A conditional quote will be provided, which will be firmed up by a negotiation between the two parties upon pricing and volume been agreed. Once agreed the order will be executed if neither party rejects the match for a defined short period. The platform also permits resting orders (with conditional or unconditional visibility) and a price streaming flow for liquidity providers. The quotes will be made pre-trade transparent if a pre-trade transparency waiver is not relied upon.

ESP (Executable Streaming Price) Protocol

Participants have the opportunity to offer streaming price/quotes. These Participants who opt to provide streaming price/quotes will act as forms of liquidity provider to other Participants. Receiving Participants can accept such streamed prices, and the trade will then be executed following confirmation by both parties. The streaming prices would be made pre-trade transparent where not reliant upon a pre-trade transparency waiver. The ESP Protocol therefore has the characteristics of the quote driven trading system set out in Annex 1 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/583 (“RTS 2”) https://ec.europa.eu/finance/securities/docs/isd/mifid/rts/160714-rts-2-annex_en.pdf with the caveat that the streaming prices can be indicative as well as firm.

Resting Protocol

- 7.1.5 Participants have the ability to enter firm orders by submitting bids and offers. This resting protocol functions as a continuous limit order book where quotes are submitted and matched on the basis of time priority. The system would make the orders submitted into the resting protocol pre-trade transparent were it not for a pre-trade transparency waiver. As the Resting Protocol is a continuous system which matches orders, it has the characteristics of the continuous auction order book trading system set out in Annex 1 of MIFID RTS 2.

Volume Matching

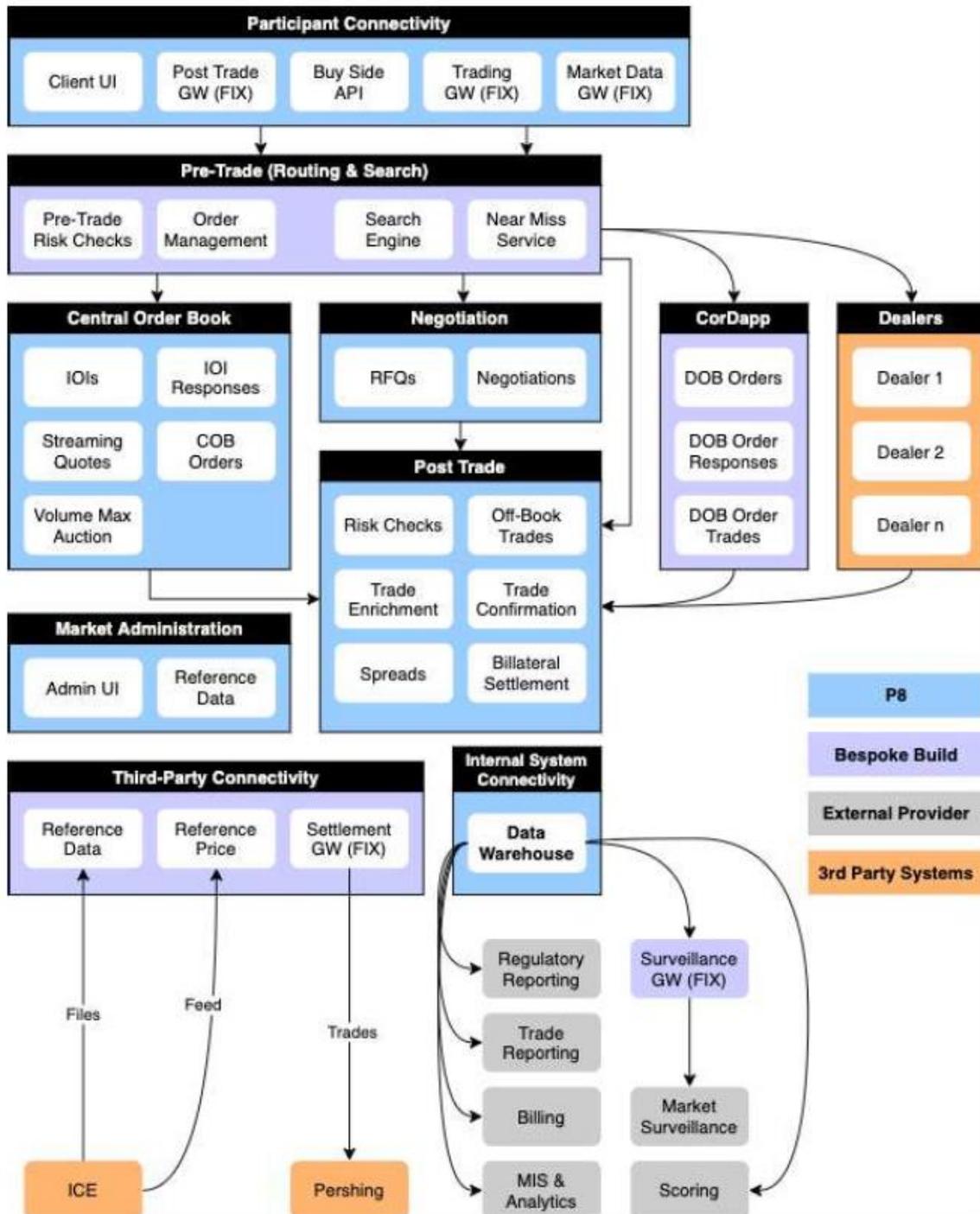
- 7.1.6 Participants may also participate in volume matching sessions. Prior to such session commencing, LedgerEdge will set the volume matching price in respect of a particular bond on screen, based either on (i) the most recent trade on the Platform or (ii) in the absence of a recent trade, pricing information regarding that instrument drawn from the Platform or market. Participants can submit orders at the volume matching price, specifying the volume that they wish to trade. An engine will match pairs of orders. The length of the volume matching session is set by LedgerEdge (and may vary in length, at the sole decision-making authority of LedgerEdge as the operator of the Platform). Volume matching therefore has the characteristics of the periodic auction trading system set out in Annex 1 of MIFID RTS 2.
- 7.1.7 The rules in relation to the functioning of the Platform trading system in relation to each of the above are set out at Rule 10 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook.

Description of the architecture of the systems, including hardware and distribution network, as well as any pre- and post-trade risk-management controls

- 7.1.8 LedgerEdge ensures that the risk management controls are in place. The pre and post-trade risk management controls include:
- (a) Fat finger checks ensuring bids and offers are within a reasonable tolerance away from prior execution prices, ensuring maximum order sizes are hard coded to prevent oversized orders, administrative portals to provide client administrators with direct access for trader limits.
 - (b) Trade cancellation: LedgerEdge has the capability and is permitted, per the LedgerEdge Rulebook, to cancel any trade that it determines detrimental to market integrity.
 - (c) Participant-level permissions: Trading credentials are provided only after documentation is completed and risk limits are assigned.

- (d) Volume and price limiting functionality: Automated limit controls enforce risk limits imposed on clients by the client’s administrators.

The following diagram represents the high level architecture of the platform:



Market continuity provision

- 7.1.9 LedgerEdge’s systems must be compliant with the EU Recovery and Resolution Directive and ensure staff are aware of the business continuity arrangements, which must be adequately documented. The Applicant has detailed business continuity and disaster recovery plans and procedures for the Platform’s operations.

7.1.10 The Platform systems run in two availability zones within a single geography (Ireland) within Amazon Web Services (AWS). These are designated as Primary Site & Backup Site.

The processes within the Platform systems are broken down into two categories; ones that would immediately impact the safe trading process if they went down – these processes are deemed to be critical. The other category of process are those that have no immediate impact on the system or clients – these are deemed as non-critical.

Critical Processes:

- Have a standby process within the primary site
- The backup process is automatically invoked if the primary process fails
- Technical Operations will be notified
- The primary process failure will be investigated, and appropriate action will be taken
- The primary process will be restarted when it is safe to do so

Non-Critical Processes:

- There is a single instance of the process in each site
- The state of the backup process is maintained
- If the process on the primary site fails, the partner process in the backup site will be invoked
- The primary process failure will be investigated, and appropriate action will be taken
- The primary process will be restarted when it is safe to do so

7.2 *Information Technology Risk Management Procedures – The ATS has appropriate risk management procedures in place including those that handle trading errors, trading halts and circuit breakers.*¹

7.2.1 LedgerEdge takes steps to ensure that a fair and orderly market is maintained with regard to the submission of orders, and to protect both the Platform and Participants' own systems and infrastructure from inappropriate activity. LedgerEdge performs ongoing monitoring of the Platform, including, without limitation, performance and capacity, orders sent by Participants on an individual and aggregated basis, message flow, and the concentration flow of orders, to detect potential threats to the orderly functioning of the market.

7.2.2 In addition to measures listed in Appendix B, LedgerEdge has arrangements to prevent disorderly trading and breaches of capacity limits, including those set out in section 7.1.9.

7.2.3 In terms of LedgerEdge's approach to foster system resiliency, integrity, reliability and cybersecurity, LedgerEdge follows best practices for cybersecurity and utilizes LedgerEdge-implemented firewalls to ensure the integrity of LedgerEdge's infrastructure. LedgerEdge regularly conducts penetration tests and vulnerability scans to ensure those best practices are reviewed and validated by third party experts. Further, LedgerEdge's disaster recovery facility has real-time data replication, along with hourly off-site data backups. Finally, LedgerEdge conducts a regular fail over test to the disaster recovery location each quarter.

Trade Halts

7.2.4 Rule 10.15 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook states that LedgerEdge may, in its reasonable judgment and without liability to any Participant, Authorized User or other party, suspend or cancel an order, a security, a market or the platform.

Error Trades

7.2.5 Rule 24.1 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook states that LedgerEdge may cancel any trade or order that it determines would be detrimental to market integrity. All determinations of LedgerEdge to cancel a trade, or to decline to cancel a trade, shall be final, and LedgerEdge shall not have any liability for losses arising out of determinations made by LedgerEdge pursuant to this Rule.

¹ LedgerEdge complies with such requirements as applicable and notes, by way of example, that circuit breakers are not applicable to the trading of corporate bonds.

Upon a determination by LedgerEdge that a trade shall be cancelled, that decision will be implemented. The cancelled trade shall be reflected as cancelled in LedgerEdge's official records and, if applicable, shall be reported by LedgerEdge to the applicable counterparties and the Company Settlement Partner.

8. OUTSOURCING

8.1 *Outsourcing – Where the ATS has outsourced any of its key services or systems to a service provider, it has appropriate and formal arrangements and processes in place that permit it to meet its obligations, and that are in accordance with industry best practices.*

8.1.1 LedgerEdge has implemented a specific outsourcing policy, that sets out the organisational measures taken by LedgerEdge to identify risks in relation to outsourced activities, and in relation to appropriate monitoring of outsourced activities. LedgerEdge considers any arrangements of any form between itself and a service provider by which that service provider performs a process, service or activity which LedgerEdge would otherwise undertake itself. Outsourced contracts are subject to review.

8.1.2 LedgerEdge has identified the following outsourcings:

- a critical outsourcing agreement with Yaala Labs (Private) Ltd for the provision of technological support, that will be closely monitored to ensure compliance and tested from a disaster recovery point of view to ensure continuous operations;
- a critical outsourcing agreement with MilleniumIT ESP (Private) Ltd for the day-to-day managed services and provision of a Security Operations Centre for the platform;
- an agreement in place with R3 for use of the Corda DLT platform (LedgerEdge's Chief Technology Officer will be responsible for managing the relationship with R3 and Yaala Labs, and will ensure that all change management, testing and release procedures are fully followed);
- an outsourcing agreement in place with the London Stock Exchange for transaction reporting, with Tradeweb for transparency reporting, and reporting of reference data); and
- an outsourcing agreement in place with Eventus Systems Inc for the provision of the Validus market abuse surveillance platform.

8.1.3 LedgerEdge's Directors will be responsible for oversight of the outsourced services. Potential risks in relation to outsourcing providers include technical failures, inadequate resources, failure of the provider and inadequate financial resources. These will be mitigated by LedgerEdge through:

- an annual review by the LedgerEdge Management Committee of the Service Level Agreement(s) in place against actual services being received;
- the identification of suitable alternative provider(s) for technology and other support services in the event an outsourcing provider should no longer be able to fulfil the terms of a Service Level Agreement; and
- the allocation of capital (fixed overhead requirement) for operational risk.

8.1.4 In accordance with paragraph 5.1 of LedgerEdge's Risk Management Policy, monthly review of outsourced providers with relation to specified key performance indicators will be undertaken, and reports made to the LedgerEdge Risk Committee.

9. TRANSPARENCY AND REPORTING

9.1 *Transparency – The ATS has adequate arrangements to record and publish accurate and timely trade and order information. This information is provided to all participants on an equitable basis.*

9.1.1 Section 8.2 of NI 21-101 imposes certain pre-trade and post-trade information transparency requirements on ATSs displaying orders of Fixed Income Securities. Section 10.1 requires disclosure by a marketplace (including an exchange and an ATS) on its website of certain information reasonably necessary to enable a person or company to understand the marketplace's operations or services it provides, including information related to the system's protocols and Rulebook. Further, revisions to OSC Staff Notice 21-703 align the transparency requirements for ATSs with those imposed on exchanges in the areas where the two marketplaces compete.

Pre-Trade Transparency

- 9.1.2 LedgerEdge is required under Article 8 of MiFIR and RTS 2 to immediately publish trading interests in instruments admitted to trading on the Platform, unless a pre-trade transparency waiver applies. Where a pre-trade transparency waiver does not apply, all orders will be made available by Tradeweb on the website operated on behalf of LedgerEdge. LedgerEdge will, in all cases, ensure that data is made available five (5) minutes after publication (where no pre-trade transparency waiver applies).
- 9.1.3 It is the intention for the Platform to obtain pre-trade transparency waivers under Article 9 of MiFIR, specifically:
- the waiver for illiquid instruments ("Illiquid Waiver") under Article 9(1)(c);
 - the waiver for orders that are large in scale ("LIS Waiver") under Article 9(1)(a); and
 - the waiver in respect of actionable indications of interest in request-for-quote that are above a size specific to the financial instrument under Article 9(1)(b).
- 9.1.4 Operationally, in terms of priority, if a bond traded on the Platform is deemed illiquid, the Illiquid Waiver would apply, and if the bond is considered liquid, the LIS Waiver would apply. Where an instrument traded on the Platform is not caught by the waiver, LedgerEdge will make public the current bid and offer prices and the depth of trading interests through live streams on the Platform on a continuous basis during normal market trading hours in the U.K.
- 9.1.5 The rules that will govern the application of waivers to pre-trade transparency are set out at Rule 15 of the Rulebook.

Post-Trade Transparency

- 9.1.6 LedgerEdge will, in accordance with Article 10 of MiFIR and RTS 2, immediately publish through an APA details of relevant trades executed on the Platform (including price, volume and trade time), unless a post-trade deferral applies. LedgerEdge will apply for post-trade deferrals. Where the post-trade deferrals do not apply, LedgerEdge will ensure that all data is made available free of charge 5 minutes after publication and is available on a reasonable commercial basis before the 5 minute time period in line with ESMA's guidelines.
- 9.1.7 It is the intention for the Platform to obtain the following post-trade transparency deferrals under Article 11 of MiFIR. Details of trades subject to the following deferrals are not published under Rule 16.1 until no later than 19:00 U.K. time on the second trading day after the date of the execution of the trade as set out in MiFIR Article 11(1) and Article 8(1) of RTS 2:
- the deferral for illiquid instruments under Article 11(1)(b);
 - the deferral for orders that are large in scale under Article 11(1)(a); and
 - the deferral in respect of actionable indications of interest in request-for-quote that are above a size specific to the financial instrument and are executed between Participants dealing on their own account other than on a matched principal basis as per Article 4(1)(38) of MiFID and another Participant, under Article 11(1)(c) of MiFIR. Participants are required to confirm through the System whether or not they are dealing on own account other than on a matched principal basis.
- 9.1.8 It is also the intention for the Platform to obtain the following supplementary or additional deferrals:
- in respect of trades in instruments other than sovereign debt, either:
 - the volume masked extended deferral, whereby no later than 19:00 in the second trading day all of the details of an individual trade would be published with only the omission of volume, and all of the details of the individual trade are published before 09:00 U.K. time on the next trading day following four (4) weeks from the date of the trade, pursuant to Article 11(3)(b) MiFIR and Article 11(1)(b) of RTS 2; or
 - the weekly aggregated extended deferral, whereby the aggregation of several trades per ISIN code executed over the course of one (1) calendar week shall be published on the following Tuesday before 09:00 U.K. time for a period of four (4) weeks from the date of the trade, pursuant to Article 11(3)(c) MiFIR and Article 11(1)(c) of RTS 2;
 - in respect of trades in sovereign debt instruments, either:
 - the weekly aggregated sovereign debt deferral, whereby the aggregation of several trades per ISIN Code executed over the course of one (1) calendar week shall be published on the following Tuesday

before 09:00 U.K. time for an indefinite period pursuant to Article 11(3)(d) MiFIR and 11(1)(d) of RTS 2; or

- the volume masked weekly aggregated sovereign debt deferral, whereby no later than 19:00 in the second trading day following the Transaction Date all of the details of an individual Transaction are published with only the omission of volume, and following the expiry of four (4) weeks from the trade date, the aggregation of several trades per ISIN Code executed over the course of one calendar week shall be published on the following Tuesday before 09:00 U.K. time for an indefinite period, pursuant to Article 11(3) of MiFIR and Article 11(1)(b) and (d) of RTS 2.

9.1.9 Where any data is aggregated pursuant to any supplementary or extended deferral, the aggregated data shall contain the weighted average price, the total volume traded in terms of total nominal value and the total number of trades.

9.1.10 When the time limit of an applicable deferral has lapsed, the price, volume and time of the trades will be published in accordance with applicable law.

9.1.11 The rules that will govern the deferral of post-trade transparency are set out at Rule 16 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook.

9.1.12 LedgerEdge would report Transactions of Ontario Participants in the same manner as it reports other Participant Transactions. LedgerEdge's reporting does not absolve any participants of their own regulatory reporting requirements.

10. RECORD KEEPING

10.1 *Record Keeping – The ATS has and maintains adequate systems in place for the keeping of books and records, including, but not limited to, those concerning the operations of the ATS, audit trail information on all trades, and compliance with, and/or violations of ATS requirements*

10.1.1 MiFIR Article 25 requires MTFs to make and keep the records necessary to create a meaningful audit trail. Specifically, MTFs are required to maintain daily summaries of trading and time-sequenced records of order information, including the date and time the order was received, the date, time, and price at which the order was executed, and the identity of the parties to the transaction.

10.1.2 In addition, MTFs are required to maintain a record of participants and any affiliations between participants and the MTF and of all notices provided to participants, including notices addressing hours of operation, system malfunctions, changes to system procedures, and instructions pertaining to access to the MTF, as well as records pertaining to: participant onboarding, participant categorization, money laundering, outsourcing arrangements, staff training and competence, complaints handling, client order and execution, personal dealings, MTF's policies and procedures.

10.1.3 Rule 9.1.1 of the Senior Management Arrangements and Systems & Controls Rules of the FCA Handbook ("**SYSC**") require MTFs to keep all records in relation to MiFID business for a period of at least five years. The records should be capable of being reproduced on paper.

10.1.4 As an FCA regulated MTF, LedgerEdge is subject to all applicable requirements relating to record retention policies. These policies are reflected in LedgerEdge's Compliance Manual. LedgerEdge also engages third-party vendors and external compliance consultants to advise on and assist with its record review and retention policies.

11. FINANCIAL VIABILITY

11.1 *Financial Viability – The ATS has sufficient financial resources for the proper performance of its functions and to meet its responsibilities.*

11.1.1 LedgerEdge's minimum regulatory capital requirement is USD 1.084 million. While LedgerEdge has no executory responsibilities, nor does it handle customer funds, settlement or clearing, LedgerEdge, as an FCA regulated entity, has been capitalized with USD 5.89 million.

12. FEES

12.1 Fees

(a) ***All fees imposed by the ATS are reasonable and equitably allocated and do not have the effect of creating unreasonable condition or limit on access by participants to the services offered by the exchange.***

(b) ***The process for setting fees is fair and appropriate, and the fee model is transparent.***

The fee structure under which participants in the Platform are charged (including in relation to any applicable execution fees, ancillary fees and any rebates), are transparent, fair and non-discriminatory, as required by applicable legislation, including Article 48(9) of MiFID II and RTS 10 – Regulatory Technical Standard 10 of MiFID: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32017R0573&from=EN>.

The fee structure for the Platform is transparent, uniformly applied and is communicated to all participants. The fee structure has been designed so as not to create incentives for Participants on the Platform to place, modify or cancel orders or to execute transactions in a way which contributes to disorderly trading conditions or market abuse.

- 12.1.1 Fees are imposed based on LedgerEdge’s standard Fee Schedule for all Participants and are embedded into the transaction price received by participating clients. Fees will be charged to both sides of the trade (i.e. to both the liquidity provider and the liquidity consumer), with a specific fee per million volume being traded. No rebates will be offered in relation to historical trading activity. LedgerEdge’s final fee schedule is available to Participants on LedgerEdge’s website at www.ledgeredge.com.

13. INFORMATION SHARING AND OVERSIGHT ARRANGEMENTS

- 13.1 ***Information Sharing and Regulatory Cooperation – The ATS has mechanisms in place to enable it to share information and otherwise co-operate with the OSC, self-regulatory organizations, other marketplaces, clearing agencies, investor protection funds, and other appropriate regulatory bodies.***

- 13.2 ***Oversight Arrangements – Satisfactory information sharing and oversight agreements exist between the Ontario Securities Commission and the Foreign Regulator.***

- 13.2.1 The OSC has entered into Memoranda of Understanding with the FCA and Bank of England concerning regulatory consultation, cooperation and the exchange of information related to the supervision of cross-border regulated entities (the “**Supervisory MOUs**”). The Supervisory MOUs provide a comprehensive framework for consultation, cooperation and information-sharing related to the day-to-day supervision and oversight of cross-border regulated entities and enhance the OSC’s ability to supervise these entities. The Supervisory MOUs became effective on August 21, 2013.

14. IOSCO PRINCIPLES

- 14.1 ***IOSCO Principles – To the extent it is consistent with the laws of the foreign jurisdiction, the ATS adheres to the standards of the International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO).***

- 14.1.1 LedgerEdge adheres to the IOSCO principles by virtue of the fact that it must comply with the FCA rules and regulations, which reflect the IOSCO standards.

- 14.1.2 LedgerEdge adheres to the IOSCO principles set out in the “Objectives and Principles of Securities Regulation” (2003) applicable to exchanges and trading systems. LedgerEdge maintains operations to achieve the following:

- (a) ensure the integrity of trading through fair and equitable rules that strike an appropriate balance between the demands of different market participants;
- (b) promote transparency of trading;
- (c) detect and deter manipulation and other unfair trading practices; and
- (d) ensure proper management of market disruption; ensure that clearing and settlement of transactions are fair, effective and efficient, and that they reduce systemic risk.

SECTION 3 - SUBMISSIONS BY LEDGEREDGE

1. Submissions Concerning the Requested Relief

- A. LedgerEdge is a U.K.-based service provider of Fixed Income Securities trading software for broker-dealers and qualified institutional clients. Its technology solution, which is offered over the internet, provides access to an electronic application that allows clients to access available trades in Fixed Income Securities only. LedgerEdge is regulated and operating in the U.K. as an MTF regulated by FCA. The characteristics of LedgerEdge’s operations as an MTF are similar to those of an ATS, as defined in the Legislation. Pursuant to the CSA Staff Notice 21-322, LedgerEdge may therefore be considered an “alternative trading system” and is prohibited from carrying on business in Ontario unless it complies with the Marketplace Rules. LedgerEdge seeks to provide Ontario institutional investors with direct, electronic access to trading in Fixed Income Securities and may therefore be considered to be “carrying on business as an alternative trading system” in Ontario.

- B. The requirements in section 6.1 of NI 21-101 are that an ATS may not carry on business as an ATS unless: (a) it is registered as a dealer; (b) it is a member of a self-regulatory entity; and (c) it complies with the provisions of Marketplace Rules. LedgerEdge is not registered with the OSC as an investment dealer under the Legislation and is not a member of any Canadian self-regulatory entity. LedgerEdge will rely on the international dealer exemption in Ontario pursuant to section 8.18 of NI 31-103 to trade in Fixed Income Securities with permitted clients.
- C. LedgerEdge is regulated by the FCA as an MTF and is permitted to deal in investments as agent. LedgerEdge intends to provide Ontario institutional investors with direct, electronic access to its Platform to facilitate the trading of Fixed Income Securities.
- D. In the CSA Staff Notice 21-328, CSA Staff provide that a foreign ATS may be exempt from the requirement to be subject to the regulatory regime in Ontario provided that certain terms and conditions of the exemption are met.
- E. The regulation of MTFs in the Applicant's home jurisdiction is substantially similar to the requirements imposed on ATSs carrying on business in Ontario under the Marketplace Rules. LedgerEdge's business is in compliance with the provisions of Marketplace Rules, as applicable to a platform that facilitates only the trading of Fixed Income Securities, and LedgerEdge otherwise satisfies the criteria set out in the CSA Staff Notice 21-328 to be exempt from the regulatory requirements applicable to ATSs in Ontario, as described under Section 2 of this Application. Institutional investors in Ontario that trade in Fixed Income Securities would benefit from the ability to trade on LedgerEdge's Platform, as they would have access to a range of Fixed Income Securities liquidity, which is not currently available in Canada. LedgerEdge would offer its Ontario Participants a transparent, efficient and liquid market to trade Fixed Income Securities. LedgerEdge uses sophisticated information systems and has adopted rules and compliance functions designed to ensure that Ontario Participants are adequately protected in accordance with international standards set by IOSCO. LedgerEdge therefore submits that it would not be prejudicial to the public interest to grant the Requested Relief.
- F. To become Participants on LedgerEdge's Platform, Ontario Participants must comply with the LedgerEdge Rulebook and all applicable laws pertaining to the use of the Platform, as described in Section 2 of this Application.
- G. LedgerEdge intends to confirm that Ontario Participants that seek to participate on the Platform are institutional investors who qualify as permitted clients, as such term is defined in section 1.1 of NI 31-103, by obtaining a representation from the applicants resident in Ontario for access to the Platform in their onboarding documentation. The documentation will specify that this representation is deemed to be repeated by the Ontario Participant each time it enters an order for a trade on the Platform.
- H. The Applicant submits that the policy basis that underlies the CSA Staff Notice 21-328 would be satisfied if the Applicant is granted an exemption from complying with the requirements of Marketplace Rules applicable to ATSs.

2. Similar Relief has been Granted

LedgerEdge notes that a similar relief has also been granted *In the Matter of Trumid Financial LLC* (June 8, 2020 and March 4, 2021), *In the Matter of ICE Bonds Securities Corporation* (June 19, 2020) and *In the Matter of Execution Access, LLC* (July 29, 2021). A link to the copies of all three orders is provided in Appendix C.

SECTION 4 - OTHER MATTERS

Concurrently with the filing of this application we have submitted or are in the process of submitting the requisite filing fees applicable in Ontario and have attached a verification statement of an officer of LedgerEdge.

Should you have any questions on this application, please contact the undersigned.

Yours truly,

"Ramandeep Grewal"

Ramandeep K. Grewal

Encl.

Cc: Ian Chicken, COO, *LedgerEdge Limited*

**Appendix A
CRITERIA FOR EXEMPTION**

1. How the foreign ATS is regulated by a government authority responsible for regulation of alternative trading systems (home regulator) and what authority and procedures the home regulator has in place for oversight of the foreign ATS, comparing the home regulatory regime to the Marketplace Rules;
2. What activities the foreign ATS carries out, noting that an exemption will only be available where the foreign ATS' activities are limited to those that fall within the definition of an alternative trading system as set out in NI 21-101;
3. Who can access the foreign ATS and how access is provided;
4. Actual and potential conflicts of interest and the tools used to manage them;
5. How clearing and settlement is achieved. The foreign ATS needs to demonstrate that these functions are performed appropriately through a regulated clearing house;
6. Whether the foreign ATS performs custody functions and if so, how;
7. The approach used to foster system resiliency, integrity, reliability, and cybersecurity of the foreign ATS;
8. Outsourcing of services and systems and how the outsourcing is managed;
9. The transparency of operations of the foreign ATS, including disclosure relating to order execution, fees, and order priority;
10. How, if at all, the foreign ATS contributes to price discovery (i.e. pre- and/or post-trade transparency);
11. How the foreign ATS maintains adequate systems for the keeping of books and records, including a detailed audit trail, and how confidential information is maintained;
12. Whether the foreign ATS has sufficient financial resources for the proper performance of its functions and to meet its responsibilities;
13. How trading is monitored on the foreign ATS to prevent against market abuse or manipulation; and
14. The foreign ATS's mechanisms for sharing information and otherwise cooperating with the applicable regulatory authorities and their staff, self-regulatory organizations, other marketplaces, clearing agencies, investor protection funds, and other appropriate regulatory bodies.

**Appendix B
LedgerEdge Financial Controls**

Under MiFID Article 48(1), regulated markets are required 'to have in place effective systems, procedures and arrangements to ensure its trading systems are resilient, have sufficient capacity to deal with peak order and message volumes, are able to ensure orderly trading under conditions of severe market stress, are fully tested to ensure such conditions are met and are subject to effective continuity arrangements to ensure continuity of its services if there is any failure of its trading systems. Under Article 18(5) of MiFID, those requirements extend to MTFs. Trades are settled on the Platform through the LedgerEdge Direct and LedgerEdge Connect protocols as defined in Rule 13 of the Rulebook. These protocols are subject to regular capacity limit testing, which will also be undertaken where there is a material change to the Platform trading system's architecture or security. LedgerEdge has a comprehensive software testing process. In addition, the Platform allows LedgerEdge to control the number of orders per second sent in by each Participant.

Article 48(4) of MiFID requires MTFs to have effective systems, procedures and arrangements to reject orders that exceed pre-determined price thresholds or are erroneous. On the Platform, Participants have the ability to specify a maximum order input size, that is a single notional amount that applies to all orders entered on the Platform. The maximum order size is set individually on a session or Participant level by LedgerEdge based upon the amount specified by each Participant. In addition, LedgerEdge will set a maximum order size limit for any order on the Platform which will apply to all Participants. It will not be possible to submit an order that will exceed this order size.

Paragraph 1 of MiFID Article 48(5) requires an MTF to be able to temporarily halt or constrain trading if there is a significant price movement in a financial instrument on that market or a related market during a short period and, in exceptional cases, to be able to cancel, vary or correct any transaction. The parameters for halting trading must be appropriately calibrated in a way which takes into account the liquidity of different asset classes and sub-classes, the nature of the market model and types of users and is sufficient to avoid significant disruptions to the orderliness of trading. In accordance with Rule 10.15 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook, acting in its sole discretion, LedgerEdge as the operator of the Platform has absolute discretion to prohibit, remove, suspend, terminate or cancel orders or instruments on the Platform, in order to maintain fair and orderly trading on the Platform, prevent abuse, or due to material technical or operational issues. LedgerEdge is required to submit the trading venue reporting form under Article 32/52 of MiFID in relation to the suspension, removal or restoration of trading on the Platform.

MTFs are required to have in place effective systems, procedures and arrangements, including requiring members or participants to carry out appropriate testing of algorithms and providing environments to facilitate such testing, to ensure that algorithmic trading systems cannot create or contribute to disorderly trading conditions on the market and to manage any disorderly trading conditions which do arise from such algorithmic trading systems. LedgerEdge has established effective systems, procedures and review processes in relation to the above. In particular, Participants on the Platform that use algorithmic trading systems are required to conduct conformance testing reasonably designed to comply with Article 6 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/589 ("RTS 6"), including the appropriate testing of algorithms, prior to the deployment or substantial update of either the access to the Platform and/or the Participant's algorithm. This conformance testing must verify:

- the ability of algorithm to interact as expected with the Platform's trading logic and the adequate processing of the data flows from and to the Platform;
- the basic functionalities of the algorithm such as submission, modification or cancellation of an order, static and market data downloads and all business data flows;
- the connectivity of the algorithm, including the cancel on disconnect command, market data feed loss and throttles, and the recovery, including the intra-day resumption of trading and the handling of suspended instruments or non-updated market data.

A Participant intending to use an algorithm on the Platform must certify to LedgerEdge that the algorithm has been tested per the above so as to avoid contributing to or creating disorderly trading conditions.

LedgerEdge also operates established IT controls and resilience in relation to algorithmic trading. Venue operators that permit algorithmic trading are required to have in place effective systems procedures and arrangements to ensure that participants are only permitted to use algorithms if they are investment firms or credit institutions authorized under MIFID or if appropriate criteria are set and applied regarding the suitability of participants to whom such ability to use an algorithm may be provided, and that the participant retains responsibility for orders and trades executed in relation to algorithmic trading. Participants are required to meet the following minimum conditions to use algorithms on the Platform:

- to have pre-trade controls on price, volume and value of orders and usage of the system in accordance with Article 15 of RTS 6, and to have post-trade controls on trading activities in place in accordance with Article 17 of RTS 6;
- to ensure all key staff responsible for using an algorithm on the Platform be suitably qualified and possess proper relevant experience;

- to comply with the requirements in relation to performance testing and record keeping;
- to have a policy in place relating to use of kill functionality which is reasonably designed to limit use of kill functionality to emergency situations, as discussed in Articles 2 and 12 of RTS 6; and
- to provide evidence upon request that they continue to satisfy other, non-algorithm-specific criteria to be a Participant on the Platform (including being an eligible counterparty or professional client).

LedgerEdge will comply with Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/584 ("**RTS 7**") where relevant (in particular, in relation to direct electronic access). More broadly, Article 48(6) and RTS 7 require a venue operator to set appropriate standards regarding risk controls and thresholds on trading through algorithms and be able to distinguish, and if necessary to stop orders or trading by a person using direct electronic access separately from other orders or trading by the member or participant. Further, venue operators must have arrangements in place to terminate the provision of algorithmic participant to a client in the case of noncompliance with the requirements in relation to algorithmic trading. Participants on the Platform seeking to use an algorithm to trade on the Platform must provide evidence that they comply with the above requirements in relation to algorithmic trading, certify to LedgerEdge that the algorithm to be deployed on the Platform has been tested so as to avoid contributing to or creating disorderly trading conditions (and provide a short code identifier for each Algorithm once tested), and notify LedgerEdge immediately if they are no longer in compliance with any of the above requirements.

LedgerEdge has the ability in accordance with Rule 23.6 of the Rulebook to suspend, or terminate, a participant's algorithm on the Platform, where the algorithm is no longer in compliance with the above requirements.

LedgerEdge will ensure its employees have a strong understanding of the way in which algorithmic trading systems and algorithms operate, and are aware of LedgerEdge's obligations with respect to algorithms as venue operator.

LedgerEdge will calculate the ratio of unexecuted order to transactions where required by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/566 ("**RTS 9**").

Under Article 48(7) of MiFID, MTFs that permit direct electronic access ("**DEA**") must have in place effective systems procedures and arrangements to ensure that participants are only permitted to provide such services if they are investment firms authorized under MiFID or credit institutions authorized under the CRD, that appropriate criteria are set and applied regarding the suitability of persons to whom such access may be provided and that the participant retains responsibility for orders and trades executed using that service in relation to the requirements under MiFID. LedgerEdge will set appropriate standards regarding risk controls and thresholds on trading through DEA and is able to distinguish, and if necessary to stop, orders or trading by a person using DEA separately from other orders or trading by the Participant. LedgerEdge will be able to suspend or terminate the provision of DEA by a Participant to a client in the case of non-compliance with the relevant requirements.

Participants who provide DEA services will be required to conduct a due diligence assessment of the prospective DEA client, which must cover:

- the governance and ownership structure of the prospective DEA client;
- the types of strategies to be undertaken by the prospective DEA client;
- the operational set-up, the systems, the pre-trade and post-trade controls and the real time monitoring of the prospective DEA client. Participants who allow DEA clients to use third-party trading software for accessing trading venues shall ensure that the software includes pre-trade controls that are equivalent to the pre-trade controls set out in RTS 6;
- the responsibilities within the prospective DEA client for dealing with actions and errors;
- the historical trading pattern and behaviour of the prospective DEA client;
- the level of expected trading and order volume of the prospective DEA client;
- the ability of the prospective DEA client to meet its financial obligations to the Participant;
- the disciplinary history of the prospective DEA client, where available;

Where a Participant allows sub-delegation, it must ensure that a prospective DEA client, before granting that client access, has a due diligence framework in place that is at least equivalent to the one described above. LedgerEdge will require participants to comply with their relevant obligations under MiFID and RTS 6 in relation to the provision of DEA.

Article 48(10) of MiFID requires that MTFs must be able to identify, by means of flagging orders generated by algorithmic trading, the different algorithms used for the creation of orders by participants and the relevant persons initiating those orders. That

B.11: SROs, Marketplaces, Clearing Agencies and Trade Repositories

information shall be available to competent authorities upon request. LedgerEdge will require participants to report orders generated by an algorithmic trading system on the Platform to LedgerEdge in accordance with Rule 18 (Order Record Keeping) of the LedgerEdge Rulebook, and additionally require Participants to identify the different algorithms used for the creation of specific orders and the persons initiating those orders. Access to this information in relation to algorithmic orders for monitoring purposes can and will be granted to the FCA upon request. This access is provided for in Rule 5.8 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook.

Under MiFID Article 48(11) MTFs are required to make data available to the FCA relating to the MTF order book, and give access to the FCA so that it can monitor trading on the MTF. All such data can be provided on request. The data permits reconstruction of the order book at any point in the past. LedgerEdge keeps a clock synchronization record of transactions. Access to the order book for monitoring purposes can and will be granted to the FCA upon request. This access is provided for in Rule 5.8 of the LedgerEdge Rulebook.

**Appendix C
Precedent Orders**

See attached at the following link:

<https://www.osc.ca/en/industry/market-regulation/marketplaces/alternative-trading-systems-atss/atss-operating-ontario/foreign-atss-orders-notices>

ANNEX B

IN THE MATTER OF
THE SECURITIES ACT,
R.S.O. 1990, CHAPTER S.5, AS AMENDED
(THE OSA)

AND

IN THE MATTER OF
NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 21-101 *MARKETPLACE OPERATION*
(NI 21-101)

AND

IN THE MATTER OF
NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 23-101 *TRADING RULES*
(NI 23-101)

AND

IN THE MATTER OF
NATIONAL INSTRUMENT 23-103 *ELECTRONIC TRADING AND DIRECT ELECTRONIC ACCESS TO MARKETPLACES*
(NI 23-103)

AND

IN THE MATTER OF
LEDGEREDGE LIMITED

ORDER

(Section 15.1(2) of NI 21-101 and section 12.1(2) of NI 23-101 and section 10(2) of NI 23-103)

Background

LedgerEdge Limited (“**LedgerEdge**”) has filed an application (the “**Application**”) with the Ontario Securities Commission (the “**OSC**”) requesting an order under Section 15.1(2) of National Instrument 21-101 – *Marketplace Operation* (“**NI 21-101**”), Section 12.1(2) of National Instrument 23-101 – *Trading Rules* (“**NI 23-101**”) and Section 10(2) of National Instrument 23-103 – *Electronic Trading and Direct Electronic Access to Marketplaces* (“**NI 23-103**”) and, together with NI 21-101 and NI 23-101, the “**Marketplace Rules**”) exempting LedgerEdge from the application of all provisions of the Marketplace Rules that apply to a person or company carrying on business as an alternative trading system (“**ATS**”) in Ontario (the “**Requested Relief**”).

Interpretation

Terms defined in National Instrument 14-101 *Definitions* have the same meaning if used in this decision, unless otherwise defined.

Representations

This Order is based on the following facts represented by LedgerEdge:

1. LedgerEdge is a private company limited by shares, existing under the *Companies Act 2006* of the United Kingdom (the “**U.K.**”), with its head office located in London, England, U.K.
2. LedgerEdge was founded in 2020 and operates as the electronic service provider of a trading platform for institutional clients (the “**Platform**”) that facilitates trading in European and U.S. high-grade bonds and high-yield bonds, sovereign, supranational and agency bonds, non-Canadian government bonds and emerging market bonds (collectively, the “**Fixed Income Securities**”).
3. LedgerEdge does not have any offices or maintain other physical installations in Ontario.
4. LedgerEdge is a wholly-owned subsidiary of LedgerEdge Inc., which is controlled 76.15% by Co-Founder David E. Rutter, 3.85% by Flow Traders U.S. Holding LLC and 20% by LedgerEdge Holding Company LP. LedgerEdge has no subsidiaries, but it is affiliated with LedgerEdge Securities Inc., a U.S. incorporated company formed to conduct similar activities from the U.S., which has applied for registration as a broker-dealer and ATS under U.S. securities legislation. All entities are under common management and control.

5. Trading of the Fixed Income Securities is facilitated through the Platform, which is intended to bring together multiple buyers and sellers of corporate, government and public securities in the European Union (the “EU”) and the U.K. The buying and selling of MiFID financial instruments (corporate, government and public security) will be governed by non-discretionary rules in a way that results in contracts on the Platform. LedgerEdge will have no discretion in determining how the members on the Platform interact with each other. The Platform will use distributed ledger technology to manage pre-trade information flows.
6. LedgerEdge is subject to a comprehensive regulatory regime in the United Kingdom (the “U.K.”). LedgerEdge is regulated and operating in the U.K. as a multilateral trading facility (“MTF”), registered with the U.K. Financial Conduct Authority (the “FCA”), a U.K. equivalent of the OSC, pursuant to articles 64 and 25D of the *Financial Services and Markets Act 2000* (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 (“RAO”) and for dealing in investments as agent pursuant to article 21 RAO.
7. LedgerEdge is not in default of securities legislation in any jurisdiction.
8. It is expected that certain Ontario institutional investors wish to become clients of LedgerEdge in order to access the liquidity afforded by the robust, existing network of clients.
9. LedgerEdge seeks to provide institutional investors in Ontario with direct, electronic access to trading in any debt security that is a foreign security or a debt security that is denominated in foreign currency, as such terms are defined in National Instrument 31-103 *Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations* (“NI 31-103”), including:
 - (a) debt securities issued by a foreign government (including agencies or instrumentalities thereof);
 - (b) debt securities issued by corporate or other non-governmental issuers incorporated, formed or created under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction; or
 - (c) asset-backed securities (including mortgage backed securities), denominated in Euro, US dollars or other foreign currency.(collectively, “**Foreign Fixed Income Securities**”).
10. LedgerEdge trading platform’s operation and functionalities are akin to those of an ATS in that:
 - the LedgerEdge MTF trading system is multilateral and brings together multiple third-party buying and selling interests in financial instruments;
 - trading arrangements have a characteristic of a system, as the Platform operates in accordance with a set of defined rules setting the parameters through which orders can interact (as set out in the LedgerEdge Rulebook);
 - the execution of transactions will take place on the trading system and in accordance with the rules of the trading system;
 - once orders are matched in the trading system, a contract which is in accordance with the applicable legislation (i.e. Title II of MiFID) will be formed;
 - orders will be matched on the trading system in accordance with non-discretionary rules and LedgerEdge as the operator of the trading system will have no discretion in relation to the matching of orders;
 - LedgerEdge does not require any issuer to enter into an agreement to have its securities traded on the trading system;
 - LedgerEdge does not provide, directly or through one or more subscribers, a guarantee of a two-sided market for a security or derivative on a continuous or reasonably continuous basis;
 - LedgerEdge does not set requirements governing the conduct of participants, other than conduct in respect of the trading by those participants on the trading system; and
 - LedgerEdge does not have any regulatory or enforcement powers over the participants on the trading system, other than the authority to terminate, suspend or limit the participants’ access to the trading system in case of misconduct and does not discipline participants other than by exclusion from participation in the trading system.
11. Pursuant to the CSA Staff Notice 21-322 *Applicability of Regulation to the Operation of MTFs or OTFs in Canada* (the “**CSA Staff Notice 21-322**”), LedgerEdge is prohibited from carrying on business in Ontario unless it complies with or is exempted from the Marketplace Rules.

12. The prospective participants in Ontario (the “**Ontario Participants**”) will be comprised only of institutional investors that qualify as permitted clients as that term is defined in Section 1.1 of NI 31-103.
13. LedgerEdge will confirm that Ontario Participants that seek to participate on the Platform are institutional investors who qualify as permitted clients, as such term is defined in section 1.1 of NI 31-103, by obtaining a representation from the Ontario Participants for access to the Platform in their onboarding documentation. The documentation will specify that this representation is deemed to be repeated by the Ontario Participant each time it enters an order for a trade on the Platform.
14. LedgerEdge relies on the “international dealer exemption” under section 8.18 of NI 31-103 in Ontario for any trading in securities with permitted clients located in Ontario. LedgerEdge is not registered in any capacity under the *Securities Act* (Ontario) (the “**OSA**”).
15. In order to obtain direct access to the Platform, an Ontario Participant must agree to abide by the LedgerEdge Rulebook.
16. LedgerEdge will also require the Ontario Participants to sign a Participation Agreement agreeing to the terms and conditions of the use of the Platform, including clear and transparent access criteria and requirements for all market participants on the Platform, as well as requirements for participants to maintain the integrity of the Platform. LedgerEdge applies these criteria to all Platform participants in an impartial manner.
17. In addition to complying with the LedgerEdge Rulebook and all applicable laws pertaining to the use of the Platform, prospective clients must also satisfy the LedgerEdge onboarding requirements. For the purpose of trading on the Platform, LedgerEdge acts as executing broker and will complete credit, know-your-client and anti-money laundering verifications, suitability analyses and other account supervision procedures prior to being allowed access on the Platform and on an ongoing basis in accordance with the Ontario law and LedgerEdge requirements.
18. LedgerEdge will only permit trading in Foreign Fixed Income Securities that are permitted to be traded in the U.K., European Union or United States under applicable securities laws and regulations.
19. LedgerEdge is required under Article 8 of Markets in Financial Instruments Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 (“**MiFIR**”) and Regulatory Technical Standards 2 (“**RTS 2**”) to immediately publish trading interests in instruments admitted to trading on the Platform, unless a pre-trade transparency waiver applies pursuant to article 9(1)(a), (b) and (c) of MiFIR and RTS 2. Where a pre-trade transparency waiver does not apply, all orders will be made available by Tradeweb on the website operated on behalf of LedgerEdge. LedgerEdge will, in all cases, ensure that data is made available five (5) minutes after publication (where no pre-trade transparency waiver applies). LedgerEdge will, in accordance with Article 10 of MiFIR and RTS 2, immediately publish through an “Approved Publication Arrangement” (“**APA**”) operated by a Data Reporting Service Provider authorized by UK FCA, details of relevant trades executed on the Platform (including price, volume and trade time), unless a post-trade deferral applies pursuant to article 11(1) and (3) of MiFIR and article 8(1) and 11(1) of RTS 2. LedgerEdge will apply for post-trade deferrals. Where the post-trade deferrals do not apply, LedgerEdge will ensure that all data is made available free of charge 5 minutes after publication and is available on a reasonable commercial basis before the 5 minute time period in line with European Securities and Markets Authority (“**ESMA**”) guidelines. LedgerEdge will report transactions of the Ontario Participants in the same manner as it reports other participant transactions. LedgerEdge’s reporting does not absolve any participants of their own regulatory reporting requirements.
20. LedgerEdge acknowledges that the OSC will monitor developments in international and domestic capital markets and LedgerEdge’s activities on an ongoing basis to determine whether it is appropriate for the OSC to continue to grant the Requested Relief and, if so, whether it is appropriate for the Requested Relief to continue to be granted subject to the terms and conditions set out in Schedule A to this decision.
21. LedgerEdge acknowledges that the scope of the Requested Relief and the terms and conditions imposed by the OSC set out in Schedule A to this decision may change as a result of the OSC’s monitoring of developments in international and domestic capital markets or LedgerEdge’s activities, or as a result of any changes to the laws in Ontario affecting trading in derivatives, commodity futures contracts, commodity futures options or securities.

Decision

Based on the Application, together with the representations made by and acknowledgments of LedgerEdge to the OSC, the OSC is satisfied that the granting of the Requested Relief would not be prejudicial to the public interest.

It is hereby ordered by the OSC that pursuant to section 15.1(2) of NI 21-101, section 12.1(2) of NI 23-101 and section 10(2) of NI 23-103, the Requested Relief is granted, provided that LedgerEdge complies with the terms and conditions attached hereto as Schedule A.

DATED _____

Schedule A
TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Regulation and Oversight

1. LedgerEdge will continue to be subject to the regulatory oversight of the regulator in its home jurisdiction;
2. LedgerEdge will either be registered in an appropriate category or rely on an exemption from registration under Ontario securities laws;
3. LedgerEdge will not enter into an agreement or understanding with any issuer with respect to the admission of the issuer's securities to its trading system or continued trading of the issuer's securities on its trading system;
4. LedgerEdge will not charge any issuer a fee with respect to the admission or continued trading of the issuer's securities on its trading system;
5. LedgerEdge will not provide, directly or through one or more subscribers, a guarantee of a two-sided market for a security or derivative on a continuous or reasonably continuous basis;
6. LedgerEdge will not set requirements governing the conduct of subscribers, other than conduct in respect of the trading by those subscribers on its trading system;
7. LedgerEdge will not discipline participants other than by exclusion from participation in its trading system;
8. LedgerEdge will promptly notify the OSC if its status in its home jurisdiction has been revoked, suspended, or amended, or the basis on which its status has significantly changed;

Access

9. LedgerEdge will not provide direct access to an Ontario Participant unless the Ontario Participant is a permitted client as that term is defined in National Instrument 31-103 *Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations*;
10. LedgerEdge will require Ontario Participants to provide prompt notification to LedgerEdge if they no longer qualify as permitted clients;
11. LedgerEdge must make available to Ontario Participants appropriate training for each person who has access to trade on the Platform;

Trading by Ontario Participants

12. Trading on LedgerEdge by Ontario Participants must be cleared and settled through a clearing agency that is regulated as a clearing agency by the clearing agency's applicable regulator;
13. LedgerEdge will permit Ontario Participants to only trade those securities which are permitted to be traded in the United Kingdom, European Union or United States under applicable securities laws and regulations;
14. LedgerEdge will only allow Ontario Participants to trade those fixed income securities listed in representation number 9 of this decision.
15. LedgerEdge will report all transactions of Ontario Participants to which pre-trade transparency waiver or post-trade deferrals do not apply in a timely manner (within five (5) minutes) in accordance with ESMA guidelines.

Reporting

16. LedgerEdge will promptly notify Staff of the OSC of any of the following:
 - (a) any material change to its business or operations or the information provided in its application for exemptive relief, including, but not limited to:
 - (i) changes to its regulatory oversight;
 - (ii) changes to its functions or operations that will cause LedgerEdge to not be able to comply with the terms and conditions in sections 3 through 7 above.
 - (iii) the access model, including eligibility criteria, for Ontario Participants;

- (iv) systems and technology; and
 - (v) its clearing and settlement arrangements;
 - (b) any material change in its regulations or the laws, rules, and regulations in the home jurisdiction relevant to the products traded;
 - (c) any known investigations of, or regulatory action against, LedgerEdge by the regulator in the home jurisdiction or any other regulatory authority to which it is subject;
 - (d) any matter known to LedgerEdge that may affect its financial or operational viability, including, but not limited to, any significant system failure or interruption; and
 - (e) any default, insolvency, or bankruptcy of any participant known to LedgerEdge or its representatives that may have a material, adverse impact upon LedgerEdge or any Ontario Participant;
- 17. LedgerEdge will maintain the following updated information and submit such information in a manner and form acceptable to staff of the OSC on a semi-annual basis (within 30 days of the end of each six-month period), and at any time promptly upon the request of staff of the OSC:
 - (a) a current list of all Ontario Participants, specifically identifying for each Ontario Participant the basis upon which it represented to LedgerEdge that it could be provided with direct access;
 - (b) a list of all Ontario applicants for status as an Ontario Participant who were denied such status or access or who had such status or access revoked during the period;
 - (i) for those Ontario applicants for status as Ontario Participants who had their access to such status denied, an explanation as to why their access was denied;
 - (ii) for those Ontario Participants who had their status revoked, an explanation as to why their status was revoked;
 - (c) for each product:
 - (i) the total trading volume and value originating from Ontario Participants, and
 - (ii) the proportion of worldwide trading volume and value on LedgerEdge conducted by Ontario Participants, presented in the aggregate for such Ontario Participants; and
 - (d) a list of any system outages that occurred for any system impacting Ontario Participants' trading activity on the Platform which were reported to the regulator in LedgerEdge's home jurisdiction;

Disclosure

- 18. LedgerEdge will provide to its Ontario Participants disclosure that states that:
 - (a) rights and remedies against it may only be governed by the laws of the home jurisdiction, rather than the laws of Ontario, and may be required to be pursued in the home jurisdiction rather than in Ontario;
 - (b) the rules applicable to trading on LedgerEdge may be governed by the laws of the home jurisdiction, rather than the laws of Ontario; and
 - (c) LedgerEdge is regulated by the regulator in its home jurisdiction, rather than the OSC;

Submission to Jurisdiction and Appointment of Agent for Service

- 19. With respect to a proceeding brought by the OSC, arising out of, related to, concerning, or in any other manner connected with the OSC's regulation and oversight of the activities of LedgerEdge in Ontario, LedgerEdge will submit to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of (i) the courts and administrative tribunals of Ontario, and (ii) an administrative proceeding in Ontario;
- 20. LedgerEdge will submit to the OSC a valid and binding appointment of an agent for service in those jurisdictions upon which the OSC may serve a notice, pleading, subpoena, summons, or other process in any action, investigation, or administrative, criminal, quasi-criminal, penal, or other proceeding arising out of or relating to or concerning the OSC's regulation and oversight of LedgerEdge's activities in Ontario;

Information Sharing

21. LedgerEdge must, and must cause its affiliated entities, if any, to promptly provide to the OSC, on request, any and all data, information, and analyses in the custody or control of LedgerEdge or any of its affiliated entities, without limitations, redactions, restrictions or conditions, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing:
 - (a) data, information, and analyses relating to all of its or their businesses; and
 - (b) data, information, and analyses of third parties in its or their custody or control; and
22. LedgerEdge must share information and otherwise cooperate with other recognized or exempt exchanges, recognized self-regulatory organizations, recognized or exempt clearing agencies, investor protection funds, and other appropriate regulatory bodies.

B.11.2.2 TSX Inc. – Notice of Proposed Amendments and Request for Comments

TSX INC.

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS AND REQUEST FOR COMMENTS

TSX Inc. (“**TSX**”) is publishing this Notice of Proposed Amendments and Request for Comments in accordance with the “Process for the Review and Approval of Rules and the Information Contained in Form 21-101F1 and the Exhibits Thereto” to reflect the introduction of Providing Dark Liquidity functionality (the “**PDL Amendments**”) and a Do Not Trade Self-Trade Prevention Order Feature (the “**Self-Trade Prevention Amendments**”, and together with the PDL Amendments, the “**Amendments**”).

Market participants are invited to provide comments. Comments should be in writing and delivered by June 14, 2022 to:

Joanne Sanci
Senior Counsel, Regulatory Affairs
TMX Group
100 Adelaide Street West, Suite 300
Toronto, Ontario M5H 1S3
Email: tsxrequestforcomments@tsx.com

A copy should also be provided to:

Market Regulation Branch
Ontario Securities Commission
20 Queen Street West
Toronto, Ontario M5H 3S8
Email: marketregulation@osc.gov.on.ca

Comments will be made publicly available unless confidentiality is requested. Upon completion of the review by staff at the Ontario Securities Commission (“**OSC**”), and in the absence of any regulatory concerns, a notice will be published to confirm approval by the OSC.

Background

PDL Amendments

TSX DRK provides deep liquidity and rich functionality, and offers fully non-displayed orders (“**Dark Orders**”) and features on TSX listed securities and is uniquely integrated with the TSX displayed order book. TSX DRK allows institutional investors to trade without being displayed until after the trade has been executed and reported.

TSX DRK provides a dark-only active order called Seek Dark Liquidity (“**SDL**”) where orders are marked for immediate execution or cancelled. This order attribute is intended to be used when seeking a dark-only liquidity taking strategy, including when seeking solely to obtain price improvement for a client order. The PDL Amendments seek to introduce a dark-only passive order type to TSX DRK that does not currently exist.

Self-Trade Prevention Amendments

Currently, four types of solutions (“**Self-Trade Prevention Order Features**”) to assist trading participants in managing accidental trades with themselves (wash trades) are currently available on TSX:

- (i) Cancel Newest Self-Trade Prevention;
- (ii) Cancel Oldest Self-Trade Prevention;
- (iii) Decrement Largest and Cancel Smallest Self-Trade Prevention; and
- (iv) Self-Trade Management Order Feature.

The four options that TSX currently provides will result in canceling one side of the order or allowing the orders to trade and not printing the trade on the public feed. With the introduction of the PDL Amendments, a fifth option, Do Not Trade Self-Trading Prevention option, will be available to prevent unintentional wash trading while providing liquidity on both sides of the DRK book.

Outline and Rationale of the Amendments

PDL Amendments

As mentioned above, TSX DRK does not currently have dark-only passive order types. By offering a dark-only liquidity providing order (“**PDL**”) pursuant to the PDL Amendments, liquidity providers and institutional clients can limit possible adverse selection by not interacting with the displayed market. Additionally, liquidity providers have the option for their PDL order to only interact passively (using the existing post-only feature in combination with PDL) and optionally prevent unintentional wash trading while providing liquidity on both sides of the TSX DRK book (please see “Background - Self-Trade Prevention Amendments” above).

TSX expects more dark liquidity if liquidity providers are offered this form of price protection and order interaction, and by potentially not being filled simultaneously by the same contra order that could impact the National Best Bid Offer. More passive dark liquidity will result in additional quality and price improving executions for both the active (retail) orders and our liquidity providers. TSX anticipates that PDL will be beneficial to liquidity providers and algorithmic/institutional clients looking to interact with dark liquidity only and posted dark orders, while avoiding spread crossing liquidity.

Self-Trade Prevention Amendments

As mentioned above, the four Self-Trade Prevention Order Features that TSX currently provides will result in canceling one side of the order or allowing the orders to trade and not printing the trade on the public feed. Pursuant to the Self-Trade Prevention Amendments, TSX will provide a fifth option, Do Not Trade Self-Trading Prevention option, to prevent unintentional wash trading while providing liquidity on both sides of the DRK book. The Do Not Trade option is only valid with PDL and SDL order types during the continuous trading session.

The Self-Trade Prevention Amendments will introduce an optional order feature that prevents two orders from the same broker from executing against each other based on unique trading keys defined by the broker. TSX anticipates that the Self-Trade Prevention Amendments will provide more opportunities for our clients to participate on both sides of the market (ie. buy/sell) without unintentionally violating ‘wash trading’ rules under Universal Market Integrity Rules (“**UMIR**”). UMIR permits participants to place buy and sell orders on a market for a given stock at the same price so long as that participant only trades with others and does not cross its own orders. When used by our clients, the Self-Trade Prevention Amendments may ensure that there is no misleading appearance of additional trading in a stock.

No changes to the TSX Rule Book are necessary as a result of, or to implement, the Amendments.

Set out below, are three example scenarios that reflect a trade in TSX DRK pursuant to the (i) current rules; (ii) PDL Amendments; and (iii) the PDL and Self-Trade Prevention Amendments.

Scenario 1 - Current Rules: Seek Dark Liquidity Order

Order book before SDL order is received:

Bid			Ask		
Market	Quantity	Price	Price	Quantity	Market
TSX (Dark)	300	10.03			
TSX (Displayed)	1000	10	10.05	1000	TSX (Displayed)

Client sends a SDL sell order at \$10.02 for 1000 quantity.

Result: Execution of 300 shares at 10.03 from TSX DRK, the remaining quantity is cancelled.

B.11: SROs, Marketplaces, Clearing Agencies and Trade Repositories

Scenario 2 - PDL Amendments: Provide Dark Liquidity Order

Order book before PDL order is received:

Bid			Ask		
Market	Quantity	Price	Price	Quantity	Market
TSX (Dark)	300	10.03			
TSX (Displayed)	1000	10	10.05	1000	TSX (Displayed)

Client sends a PDL sell order at \$10.00 for 1000 quantity.

Result: Execution of 300 shares at 10.03 from TSX DRK, remaining quantity is repriced one-tick inside displayed quote and booked in the dark book at \$10.01.

Updated order book after execution:

Bid			Ask		
Market	Quantity	Price	Price	Quantity	Market
			10.01	700	TSX (Dark)
TSX (Displayed)	1000	10	10.05	1000	TSX (Displayed)

Scenario 3 - PDL order with Self-Trade Prevention option 'NoTrade' does not execute against own order; trades with another Participating Organization:

Order book before PDL order is received:

ID	Bid			Ask			ID
	Market	Quantity	Price	Price	Quantity	Market	
Broker A, Unique STP Key "BAYS9"	TSX (Dark)	100	10.00	10.02	400	TSX (Dark)	Broker B
Broker B	TSX (Dark)	100	9.99	10.02	100	TSX (Dark)	Broker C
	TSX (Displayed)	500	9.80	10.02	200	TSX (Dark)	Broker A, Unique STP Key "ABCD7"
				10.03		TSX (Displayed)	

**Please note broker letters are used for example purposes instead of the three-character Participating Organization number.*

An incoming PDL order from Broker A with Unique Key 'ABCD7' to buy 100 shares at \$10.02 is entered, then based on Price/Broker/Time priority, the trading engine seeks the contra sell-side order from Broker A at \$10.02 first. However, since the unique keys match, the order would execute against the quote based on time priority (Broker B's sell order at \$10.02).

Updated Order Book after execution:

ID	Bid			Ask			ID
	Market	Quantity	Price	Price	Quantity	Market	
Broker A, Unique STP Key "BAYS9"	TSX (Dark)	100	10.00	10.02	300	TSX (Dark)	Broker B
Broker B	TSX (Dark)	100	9.99	10.02	100	TSX (Dark)	Broker C
	TSX (Displayed)	500	9.80	10.02	200	TSX (Dark)	Broker A, Unique STP Key "ABCD7"
				10.03		TSX (Displayed)	

Expected Date of Implementation

Following receipt of regulatory approval, the Amendments are expected to be implemented into production and available in August 2022.

Additionally, the Amendments will be available in the General Test Environment (“GTE”) in June 2022. Release notices will be published prior to GTE and production implementation.

In the event that the PDL Amendments are not approved, TSX will not proceed with the Self-Trade Prevention Amendments. TSX will proceed with the PDL Amendments regardless of whether the Self-Trade Amendments are approved.

Expected Impact

The Amendments are not expected to have a negative impact on the markets. TSX expects the Amendments will have a positive impact on the available liquidity in the dark book, quality of dark executions and the client experience, particularly for liquidity providers when trading in the market. As such, TSX is of the view that the Amendments will support the maintenance of fair and orderly markets.

Expected Impact of the Amendments on TSX’s Compliance with Ontario Securities Law

The Amendments are in compliance with Ontario securities laws and do not impact fair access to markets or the maintenance of fair and orderly markets.

Estimated Time Required by Members and Service Vendors to Modify Their Own Systems after Implementation of the Amendments

The Amendments are expected to have a positive impact on the market participants. Members would need to adjust their trading workflows and strategies to benefit fully from the Amendments. This is not expected to be a large effort because we are leveraging the existing dark liquidity solution with a new order attribute. Service vendors would also need to make technology changes to consume and display the PDL message tags and additional self-trade prevention option.

Do the Amendments Currently Exist in Other Markets or Jurisdictions

With respect to the Self-Trade Prevention Amendments, the option to not trade and allow both orders to rest is currently available on MatchNow.

With respect to the PDL Amendments, both MatchNow and Nasdaq Canada currently have the ability to book liquidity providing orders that interact only with dark orders.

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Editor's Note: On Friday, April 29, 2022, the Securities Commission Act, 2021, came into force by proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor of Ontario. The new structural and governance changes are now reflected in the Bulletin index with the use of the "Capital Markets Tribunal" designation to differentiate those proceedings from the proceedings of the Ontario Securities Commission: www.capitalmarketstribunal.ca.

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